

Gettysburg Compiler

96TH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1913

NO. 11

DEATH'S HARVEST OF A WEEK

YOUNG WIFE AND MOTHER ANSWERS THE SUMMONS.

Scratch from Screen Door Results in Blood Poisoning and Death.

Mrs. ELIZABETH CUNNINGHAM, wife of Robert Cunningham, died at her home in McConnellsburg after eight weeks' illness from typhoid fever. She was a Miss Irwin, a native of McConnellsburg and in June 1912, married Robert B. Cunningham, son of James Cunningham of Fairfield. Mr. Cunningham has been a teacher in Stevens Institute, Hoboken, N. J. A child was born to them in the spring and the mother was taken with typhoid fever in August. She was 26 years, 9 months and 17 days of age. She has visited in this place and at Fairfield and has many friends here. The funeral and interment was in McConnellsburg last Wednesday. She leaves behind her husband and son, her parents and several brothers and sisters.

Mrs. ANDREW PALMER of Hanover died Thursday, Oct. 22, from blood poisoning aged 60 years, 6 months and 2 days. Thursday, Oct. 10th, Mrs. Palmer received a small cut in her left arm by coming in contact with a screen door and the injury later resulted in blood poisoning, which proved fatal. She was Miss Eva Waltham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Waltham, late of near Littlestown, and she is survived by her husband and four daughters, Mrs. Martha Babbler and Mrs. Elmer Hall of York, and Mrs. E. E. Bishop and Mrs. Claude Baughman of Hanover, also by three brothers, Nathaniel Waltham of New Chester, Eli Waltham of Baltimore, William Waltham of Havre de Grace, Md., and three sisters, Mrs. William Graybill and Mrs. S. C. Gardner of Hanover, and Mrs. Abraham Stapp of Dover, Federal Sunday, Oct. 20, interment in Hanover Cemetery.

JOHN D. SMITH of Hanover died Oct. 20 after an illness from valvular disease of the heart aged 31 years, 9 months and 1 day. He was a son of the late Joseph M. Smith, and born at Littlestown. The family moved to McSherrystown and later to Lancaster. The young man was employed with the Hanover Street Railway, then with the W. M. R. R. office and then with the late Joseph M. Smith, N. J. until about a year ago. Funeral and interment at Lancaster. He leaves one brother and two sisters, A. J. Smith and Mrs. John L. Lilly of Hanover, and Mrs. Elmer Derringer of Lancaster.

CLARK CHARLES GRIFFIN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Griffin, of Midway, died Oct. 26 after a brief illness from diphtheria. He was aged 6 years, 1 month and 15 days.

Mrs. SARAH ANN TRIMMER, widow of the late George Trimmer, died at the home of her son-in-law, Theodore Wagner in York, Oct. 16, aged 68 years, 2 months and 14 days. She was a daughter of the late Isaac King and wife of Bismont. She and her husband lived for years in the vicinity of East Berlin. Funeral and interment Saturday at Mummer's church, East Berlin.

GEORGE H. DETTER, formerly of Berwyn, this county, was the victim of an unusual hunting accident in Kansas last week. He is a son of George Detter, Sr., of near East Berlin, and has been living in Sylvia, Reno county, Kan. Mr. Detter was the manager of the Sylvia Grain and Supply Company and accompanied a party gunning for ducks on the morning of Oct. 14 while after several ducks they had shot on a shallow lake. Mr. Detter and one of his companions stepped out into the water on a plank. The plank sank into the mud; and then the weight on the two men standing on one end caused it to turn on its edge, throwing them into the water. Almost simultaneously the automatic guns carried by the hunters were discharged. The discharge from the gun of Mr. Detter's companion, entered his leg back of the knee. He was rushed to a town nearby where it was deemed necessary to amputate his leg at once. The operation was performed. He died from the results seven hours after the accident. Mr. Detter left a wife and two children. He was born March 21, 1873, and left for the West in 1884.

Mrs. SARAH H. SPANGLER, wife of Henry Spangler, along Emmitsburg road, Cumberland township, died on Sunday, Oct. 13, aged 81 years, 2 months and 18 days. Her maiden name was Miss Sarah Plank and she was born in the same house in which she died and lived her entire life with exception of 14 years after her marriage. Her home has immediately in front of the woods from which the light of the line of Pickett's charge on July 3, 1863. The funeral was held on Tuesday of last week, the services being conducted by Dr. T. J. Barkley, and interment made in the Evergreen Cemetery. She leaves besides her husband the following children, Harvey E. Spangler of Franklin Grove, Ill., Mrs. Laura C. Deaderick of Ardenville, Calvin E., Robert C., Edna M., and Geo. A. at home. She is survived by one brother, Geo. G. Plank of Ardenville, and two sisters, Mrs. Isabel Spangler of Gettysburg, and Mrs. Emanuel G. Plank of Conowingo, Md. A grandchild and a great-grandchild.

Mrs. MAGGIE TURNER, wife of John Turner of Louisville, Ky., died on last Saturday. She was Miss Maggie Bailey and born in Gettysburg. The interment was in Chicago. She was a half-sister of the late Mrs. Jacob Sheeds and Mrs. C. Dougherty of this place and leaves besides her husband and a daughter in Louisville, her sister, Mrs. Riddleberger of Berlin Grove.

Mrs. ELIZABETH H. H. of Henry Herbst of Nashville, Tenn., died on Tuesday of last week. She was a native of the county, her maiden name being Miss Elizabeth White of near Gettysburg. Mr. and Mrs. Herbst have been frequent visitors to the Adams county and had many friends here.

Mummers' Parade Halloween Night. The parade will be in charge of Wm. McG. Tawney, Chief Marshal. Trumpeter, Oliver McGee. Aides, Maurice Stangor, Ralph Worman, Jos. Smith, Bernard Hoffman, Lawrence Oyster, Roy Zinn, Geo. Taylor.

FIRST DIVISION. Clifford Broom, Marshal; Citizens Band, All School Children, Ladies Town Participants.

SECOND DIVISION. C. F. Bailey, Marshal; College Band, Students of Gettysburg College, People of the surrounding County, Teams, Horseback Riders and Automobiles.

For the best male costume a prize of \$3.00; for the best female costume a prize of \$3.00; for the best girl's costume a prize of \$2.00.

The first division of the parade will form on Chambersburg street with the right on Centre Square and the second division on York street with right on Centre Square.

All persons will report to the Chief Marshal not later than 7.30 p. m. at Centre Square. The parade will move promptly at 7.30 east on York street to Liberty, south to Middle, west to Franklin, north to Chambersburg, east to Washington, north to Water, east to Carlisle, south on Baltimore to Battlefield Hotel, countermarching north to Breckinridge, west to Washington, north to Chambersburg, east to Centre Square, where a fanatical drill will be given after which the parade will be dismissed.

Mr. Plank wishes to extend a cordial invitation to the students of Gettysburg College to participate in this parade and he will endeavor to see that every consideration will be shown them.

At 7 o'clock Friday evening in front of the Gas Office on Baltimore street, there will be a lot of lanterns given away to those taking part in the Mummers' Parade.

The judges will be Mrs. Harry Bender, Miss Kate Gilbert, Mrs. Clyde Stover and Mrs. John Blocher. To Develop West End of Town. Hon. Donald P. McPherson and Martin Winter have purchased the Louis Weygand tract of land containing 35 acres and fronting on the Fairfield road just west of Seminary Ridge and joining the Prof. J. Louis Sowers home. They have also bought the Philip Hennig tract of land containing 24 acres just across the road from the Weygand tract and extending to and fronting on the Springs Hotel road; this tract being known as the old race course tract.

It is the intention of the purchasers to develop these tracts of land by opening two streets through same from the Springs Hotel road southward across the Fairfield road and on to the south limits of the Weygand tract for the present, with possible further extension in the future. These streets will be three-fifths of a mile in length each. Building lots will be offered for sale at once on both sides of Fairfield road; these lots will make the very best building sites and this road being a government road and the location but a short distance from town, cannot but attract purchasers and home builders. Lots will also be offered at once fronting on Springs Hotel road and later on on both sides of the proposed new streets.

These tracts are in Cumberland township near the borough line and arrangements will be made for borough water and also light. Naval Academy Appointments. Congressman A. R. Brodbeck will have the appointment of two young men to the Annapolis Navy Academy, early in 1914 and the Congressman desires one of these appointments to go to Adams county with two of the four alternates. The position will be open to young men over 16 years of age and under 20 years. Any boy with a high school education can take the examination, but he will need coaching between this time and date of examination. Boys desiring to apply should write Congressman Brodbeck for information as to the requirements and then get busy under a coach on the subjects.

Medical Peonies Examined. Through Congressman A. R. Brodbeck comes the announcement of the appointment by the Federal Commissioners of the Medical Peonies Examined for Adams county. The physicians named are Dr. Harry M. Hartman of Gettysburg, Dr. A. C. Rice of McSherrystown, and Dr. Chas. E. Goldsborough. The doctors will follow close upon the appointment and the name of the physician in his place has not yet been announced. The friends of Drs. Hartman and Rice will be highly gratified to have their names in the list.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED

ALONG THE LINES OF INDIVIDUAL HAPPENINGS.

Comings and Goings, Social Events and Other Items of Interest.

—The Annie Schwartz of Reading, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Schwartz at their home on Baltimore street. Mrs. Schwartz has been seriously ill for the past two weeks.

—McKnight Black has returned to Eastern after a brief visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McKnight. —Charles Little of Philadelphia spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Little on Chambersburg St.

—Mrs. L. W. Sevier and son of McConnellsburg are visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. Daner Buchler on East Middle St.

—Mrs. A. A. Kelly and son have returned to Waynesboro after a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Altheodore Bushman.

—Elmer W. Harner of Littlestown a member of last year's Junior class of the Theological Seminary, and well known here, has gone to Grand Junction, Colorado, where he will take charge of a church mission.

—J. A. Ring and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Robertson were on an automobile trip to Washington for several days this week.

—Mrs. Ida Dieler of Brooklyn, N. Y., visited her brother, C. W. Stoner several days last week.

—Mrs. Topper and daughter, Miss Cora, have returned from West Virginia where they spent the past several months.

—Mrs. D. J. Forney of Lincoln Avenue, is spending several days with relatives in Hazleton.

—Mrs. Holloway of Philadelphia and Mrs. Myers of Harper's Ferry have returned to their homes after spending a week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Stallsmith.

—Mrs. Wm. D. Amos of East Middle St., is visiting relatives in Keyser, W. Va. Wm. D. Amos spent last Sunday in Keyser.

—Mrs. Daniel A. Skelly has gone to Pittsburgh to spend some time with her daughter Mrs. Adam Hazlett.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frommeyer, and daughter Miss Margaret, left last week for Dallas, Texas, to visit their daughter Sister Appoline.

—Mr. and Mrs. Amos Eckert and Mr. and Mrs. Mark K. Eckert have returned from a weeks visit at Wernersville, Pa.

—Miss Katharine Duncan has been spending a week as the guest of Miss Margaret Rice at her home on the Eastern Shore of Md.

—Joseph B. Redding of Steinwehr Ave. has returned from a visit with his son in Stroudsburg, Pa.

—Mrs. Edward A. Weaver has returned from a two weeks visit with her sister Mrs. Vincent in Philadelphia.

—Miss Ruth A. McIlhenny of West Chester spent Sunday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McIlhenny on Lincoln Ave.

—Ashley M. Bloom, a member of the Curwensville Construction Co., with his wife and daughter Ruth visited among friends in and near town last week.

—C. K. Harris of Curwensville, Pa. formerly of this place, spent several days in town last week.

—Major and Mrs. Wm. Pierson Tuttle of New Haven, Conn. were guests of Dr. and Mrs. Graaville for several days last week.

—Rev. and Mrs. J. Luther Sieber and child have returned to New Haven, Conn. after a short visit at the home of Dr. and Mrs. L. L. Sieber.

—Miss Margaret McCounaughy of Johnstown is spending some time among friends in town.

—Mr. and Mrs. Milton H. Plank of Harrisburg, formerly of town, have just returned from an extended trip abroad, having visited England, Germany, France, Belgium.

—E. H. Berkheimer who has been a patient in the York Hospital since he was severely injured in a fall some months ago, has been removed to the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Berkheimer in East Berlin. The fractured arm and leg are giving him very little trouble now, and we are glad to note that he is convalescing rapidly.

—Mrs. Walter H. O'Neal, Regent, Mrs. J. L. Bull and Mrs. H. M. Hartman are representing the local chapter of D. A. R. at the annual meeting held this year in Scranton, Pa.

—Mrs. Wm. Arch. McClean and Mrs. Edward Preffer have gone to Erie, Pa., where they will represent the Gettysburg Parent-Teachers' Association at the annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Congress of Mothers held there this week.

—Raymond W. Kise of Chicago spent Saturday with his aunt, the Misses Kise, at their home on Carlisle street.

—Miss Carrie Muschman and Mrs. C. H. Stover attended the sessions of the convention of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society in Chambersburg last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Stranahan of Macungie have been spending several days with Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Stoner.

Boys' and Girls' League Exhibition. The exhibition of the Boys' Agricultural League and the Girls' Domestic Science League is being arranged for the week of Oct. 29 to Nov. 4, at the Institute Week. The exhibitions will come from the 142 members of the leagues who have adopted as their mottoes "Improved Farming" and "Improved Housekeeping."

The committee to arrange the exhibition met last Saturday. County Superintendent H. Milton Roth, presiding and Arthur C. Griest was selected as secretary and Edward A. Trostle of Gettysburg as treasurer. The other members being Curtis Sowers, Arthur Roberts, Harry Hartman, Curtis Peters and George D. Sheely.

The committee decided to hold the exhibition at the Court House on Tuesday of Institute Week, Oct. 18. All articles to be exhibited must be at the Court House by 10 o'clock a. m. There will be three judges of the farm products and three for domestic science work. The judges will have charge of exhibits from 10 to 12 o'clock and the exhibition will be open to the public from noon to 5 p. m. and no exhibits are to be removed until after this hour.

The announcements of prizes will be made at noon and prizes distributed at 5 p. m.

CORN CONTEST. The conditions of entering corn contest are as follows: 1st, open to boy or girl members of leagues; 2nd, corn shall be grown on a plot containing 1-4 of an acre; 3rd, any variety of corn may be used; 4th, the contestant must plant the crop, fertilize and cultivate as they see fit; 5th, each contestant shall make a report covering variety, growth, character of soil, method of planting, kind and amount of fertilizer used, date and character of cultivation, date of planting and harvesting. The corn must be weighed and ten of the best ears selected for exhibition. Very immature, mouldy or rotten corn shall not be included as part of the crop. The corn shall not be husked until in good cribbing condition.

The awards will be as follows: Yield 60 points, sample 10 ears 30 points; and report 10 points.

The prizes will be: 1st prize \$10, 2nd prize \$5, 3rd prize \$3, 4th and 5th \$1.00 each. Prizes will also be awarded where boys and girls have helped to do the work for best 10 ears of corn: 1st prize \$3.00, 2nd prize \$2.00, 3rd prize \$1.00, and for the best ear of corn \$1.00.

POTATO CONTEST. The conditions of entering potato contest are: 1st open to boy or girl members of leagues; 2nd, potatoes shall be grown on plot containing 1-4 of an acre; 3rd, any variety may be used; 4th, each contestant must make a report covering variety, growth, character of soil and treatment, methods of planting, kind and amount of fertilizer used, dates and character of cultivation and date of planting and digging. The potatoes must be raised, weighed, and one peck selected for exhibit. Potatoes being one and one-half ounces in weight should be rejected.

The awards will be made upon same points as in corn contest and the prizes where the boys and girls have helped to do the work and make exhibits of selected peck and for the best potato. Prizes for other articles exhibited will be awarded until day of exhibit. The variety of work of the leagues covers a wide range including the raising of corn, potatoes, pop corn, turnips, celery, cabbage, and various other vegetables, flowers, cooking baking, sewing, needle work and household economies. Exhibitions can be made along with these lines.

Write to the County Superintendent for blanks and information.

Church Improvement. The interior of St. Francis Xavier Catholic Church is being completely renovated. The frescoing under the capable eye of F. Baraldi of Philadelphia, is nearly finished and presents a beautiful appearance and gives evidence of artistic skill. The work is being rapidly pushed and it is expected that the work of fitting in the sanctuary will start this week.

A grand bazaar for the benefit of the church is being planned to take place in Xavier Hall Nov. 24-29, inclusive, with local talent helping at entertainment each evening.

We have for sale at our nursery a choice assortment of fruit trees in all the leading varieties propagated from our own bearing trees.

W. W. BOYER, Ardenville, Pa.

Advertisement. Edison Phonograph for Sale. A new Edison Phonograph plays 2 and 4 minute records, \$25; 78 new records \$35. \$25 cash will buy the outfit.

S. S. W. HANMERS. Advertisement. H. B. BLANDER will have a new Household Goods on Thursday afternoon, Oct. 30th from 1 to 5 o'clock at the Court House at 1 p. m.

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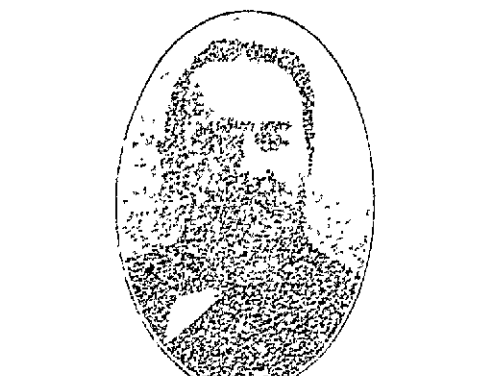
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PETER P. EISENHART
Of East Berlin.

Mr. Eisenhart was born within sight of East Berlin 36 years ago and has lived in his home in that town for the past 30 years. He has been a prominent member of his section of the county always working for the good of his party, community and country. He has served his town in the position of assessor and as school director, among the most important of the local offices and always gave faithful service to his people. He is married to a sister of John Wiest of Gettysburg. Mr. Eisenhart is well and favorably known in many parts of the county. Look at the picture of the Democratic candidate. Sturdy in build and character, honest, sober, capable and kind hearted, the kind of a man the Democrats can feel assured will faithfully and justly perform every duty as a Director of the Poor. Mr. Eisenhart received in the campaign of two years ago 2170 votes. A very flattering support. See to it that he has enough votes this year to win.

Dem. Deputy Revenue Collector.

There will be a Democratic Deputy Revenue Collector in Adams county as well as in all other revenue districts where such officials are required. President Wilson last Wednesday signed the Urgent Deficiency bill carrying exemptions from the civil service of deputy United States Marshalls and Deputy Collectors of Internal Revenue and the President gave unanswerable reasons why these subordinate officers directly responsible to the collectors should be appointed by the latter.

"I am convinced, after a careful examination of the facts, that the offices of deputy collectors and deputy marshals were never intended to be included under the ordinary provisions of the Civil Service law. The control of the whole method and spirit of the administration of the proviso in this bill, which concerns the appointment of these officers, is no less entirely in his hands now than it was before the bill became law; my warm advocacy and support, both of the principle and of the reform, is known to the whole country, and there is no danger that the spoils principle will creep in with my approval or connivance."

The President took the position that bonded officers directly responsible for their subordinates could choose more efficient men by personal selection than by examination, because of the personal equation that enters into the confidential relations between employer and employee.

HARRY WHITCOMB.

The Democratic candidate for Jury Commissioner has spent his life in the northern part of the county, enjoying the respect and esteem of every one who knows him. He is a man fitted to represent the great Democratic party in the selection of jurors for duty at court. He is a man who will always endeavor to secure representative men in the respective districts for this duty, men qualified according to law to serve as jurors. Mr. Whitcomb is sure of an election, but it can not be but a great source of gratification that the right kind of a Jury Commissioner will represent the party.

Eisenhart's Life Answers Attack.

An effort is being made to inflame the voters against the Democratic nominee for Director of Poor, Peter P. Eisenhart upon an imaginary issue between the church and the saloon. There is no such issue except in the disordered brain of the writer of the inflammatory editorial. This appeal to classes and prejudices deserves condemnation as the hands of all Democrats and good citizens.

Any voter could settle the question to the entire satisfaction of himself by going to East Berlin where Peter P. Eisenhart has lived the greater part of his life, and what would he find? He could go from house to house to have men, women and children repeat that Peter P. Eisenhart is esteemed as one of the best citizens of his community. As the keeper of a restaurant before the high license laws when only male liquors could be sold at a restaurant, more attention was given at his place to the eating line than any other and hundreds who have been entertained there know that such has been the rule at his place since the high license law. His place has always been quiet, no disorder of any kind is ever found there, no improper language. He has always been law abiding and has never been charged with any violation of any kind in any way. He has been old-fashioned in his methods of entertainment and old-fashioned in his virtues. He has never tasted liquor himself for years, does not use tobacco, does not gamble or allow anything of the kind at his place. He has lived a sober, industrious and law abiding life and enjoys the respect and esteem of all who know him. He is known as a man charitable to the poor. Mr. Eisenhart has been a good neighbor and a good citizen.

zen and a good neighbor, and the good people of this county should see to it that he is given a square deal and prevent the attempt to snitch his good name by one who has no reputation either in his own town or the county for being fair and square.

Democrats Called Enemies.

If Democrats or Washington party men amused themselves last week by reading the dopy editorials of the Star, it is hoped that the reading was continued until the meeting of the Republican Executive Committee was covered in next column. This committee meets and passes resolutions in which the confession is made that every Republican vote and every Washington vote is needed to make the result favorable for J. Price Oyster.

The Washington people will remember the pounding they got last year for leaving the G. O. P. They are asked to forget and forgive and lose all identity for the party of Roosevelt and be placed in the attitude of unforgotten rebels who are entitled to no consideration, except for sake of the "glorious memories of the past" to help out J. Price Oyster. The Washington voters would have to be a poor lot of soap sticks, if they give any help where they have nothing to hope for, when the G. O. P. will always resent the flicking they helped to give it. The feeling of the G. O. P. as frequently heard expressed is, "We have more for a Democrat than a cut-throat Washington who having sucked the G. O. P. dry of office holding is ready to send the old party to hades." Party identity is the only hope of the Washington people and it can never come by voting for J. Price Oyster, Republican.

How any Democrat can walk up to the polls, after reading the resolution of the Republican Executive Committee and give any support to any other flicker than the Democratic, we can not conceive. The Republican organization in cold blood has resolved that the Democratic party is the "common enemy" and that the Democratic candidate is "least qualified to administer the duties of his office." The Dictionary says an enemy "is one who is actuated by unfriendly feelings, one who hates and wishes injury, or attempts to do injury." We had supposed Democrats and Republicans were friends, who differed about governmental policies. But the Republican organization says Democrats are the "common enemy," people to be hated and injured. The poor old G. O. P. is so rattled that it has lost the power to use language in an intelligent way. There is only one course for a Democrat to follow. Stick to your party and give the Democratic candidates the full party vote.

Hon W. T. Ziegler, District Com.

About 150 veterans attended the 11th annual reunion of the Southern District G. A. R. Association covering the counties of Adams, Cumberland, Franklin, Fulton, Perry and Juniata, held at Carlisle last week.

Capt. John I. Fallier of Carlisle, presided and address of welcome was made by J. Webster Henderson, son of the late General R. M. Henderson, the first commander of the association. Hon. Theodore McAllister of this place responded to the welcome.

This county was represented on the Committee on Meeting and Officers by Hon. Theodore McAllister, and on Committee on Resolutions by Hon. Wm. T. Ziegler.

Gettysburg was selected for the next place of meeting, which will be in October, 1914.

Officers were elected as follows: District Commander—W. T. Ziegler, Gettysburg.

Senior Vice—J. Nelson Clark, Mechanicsburg.

Junior Vice—J. C. Gerbig, Chambersburg.

Treasurer—F. K. Poyer, Mechanicsburg.

Chaplain—Rev. S. S. Wylie, Middle Spring.

Adjutant—Milton A. Embick, Carlisle.

Chief Marshal—John Kirk, New Cumberland.

Among the resolutions adopted was the following: Resolved, That we recall with pride the remembrance of the great and grand anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg, held at Gettysburg, June 29 to July 3, 1913, an event which could only be made possible by American soldiers and for all the good fellowship there experienced between North and South and East and West we have most to thank our own Governor, John K. Tener for the manly and loyal manner in which he brought to a successful termination that great week and the members of the State Legislature for the authorization of the same.

Among the Adams county veterans present were the following: Hon. W. T. Ziegler, Wm. B. McNair, H. H. Wierman, Samuel M. Allison, A. Kunkel, John E. Pitzer, H. W. Lightner, Wm. H. Lady, John H. Sheeds, W. E. Dream, N. L. Wiernman, Calvin Hamilton, C. O. Myers, Peter G. Eisenberg, Jos. A. Feix, G. T. Heckenhuber, Hon. Theodore McAllister and H. W. Trostle.

Amendments.

Our readers are referred to other pages where articles will be found for and against the Bond Issue for roads. Vote according to your convictions, either way may be right according to your point of view. To Amendments 2 and 4 vote No for reasons given elsewhere. It might as well be Yes to No, as it will work out that way. While Yes to No, 5 might give enlarged home government and the opportunity to towns to buy their own water works, get a No will prevent the bosses of Philadelphia from plundering the Quaker City.

"GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH"

GENERAL ELECTION

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.—I, G. R. Thompson, High Sheriff of Adams County, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give this notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in said county of Adams, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4TH, 1913

It being the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, (the polls to be opened at 7 a. m. and close at 7 p. m.) at which time the Freemen of Adams County elect by ballot the following officers, namely:—

Two persons duly qualified for the office of Judge of the Superior Court. One person duly qualified for the office of Director of the Poor.
Two persons duly qualified for the office of Jury Commissioner.

To vote a straight party ticket, mark a cross (X) in the square, in the first column, opposite the name of the party of your choice.
A cross mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate.
A cross (X) in the party square in the first column does not carry a vote for any judge or for any other officers nominated under the provisions of a Non-Partisan Act.
To vote for judge or any city office mark a cross (X) opposite the name of the candidate desired.

FIRST COLUMN.

To Vote a Straight Party Ticket, Mark a Cross (X) in this Column.

DEMOCRATIC.

WASHINGTON.

REPUBLICAN.

JUDICIAL TICKET--NON-PARTISAN

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.

(Mark One.)

James Alcorn.

Webster Grim.

John J. Henderson

John W. Kephart.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

(Mark One.)

Peter P. Eisenhart.....Democratic

H. J. Gulden,Washington

J. Price Oyler,Republican

JURY COMMISSIONER.

(Mark One.)

Harry Whitcomb,Democratic

J. H. Leas,Washington

G. R. Haverstock,Republican

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

A Cross (X) marked in the square at the right of the word "YES," indicates a vote FOR the Amendment.

A Cross (X) marked in the square at the right of the word "NO" indicates a vote AGAINST the Amendment.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION NO. 1.

SHALL SECTION FOUR OF ARTICLE NINE OF THE CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED SO AS TO READ AS FOLLOWS?

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars; Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

YES.

NO.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION NO. 2.

SHALL SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE THREE OF THE CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED SO AS TO READ AS FOLLOWS?

Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of liens: Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts: Changing the names of persons or places: Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases: Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys: Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State: Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys: Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State: Authorizing the adoption, or legitimation of children: Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties or changing county lines: Incorporating cities, towns or villages, by changing their charters: For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting: Granting divorces: Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits, or school districts: Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts: Changing the law of descent or succession: Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate: Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables: Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes: Fixing the rate of interest: Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment: Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the treasury: Exempting property from taxation: Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing: but the legislature may regulate and fix the wages or salaries, the hours of work or labor, and make provision for the protection, welfare and safety of persons employed by the State, or by any county, city, borough, town, township, school district, village, or other civil division of the State, or by any contractor or sub-contractor performing work, labor or services for the State, or for any county, city, borough, town, township, school district, village or other civil division thereof: Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof: Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down a railroad track: Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed: Nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for.

YES.

NO.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION NO. 3.

SHALL SECTION THREE OF ARTICLE EIGHT OF THE CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED SO AS TO READ AS FOLLOWS?

Section 3. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such elections shall be held in an odd-numbered year: Provided further, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time, whose terms of office may end in an odd-numbered year, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even-numbered year.

YES.

NO.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION NO. 4.

SHALL SECTION ONE OF ARTICLE NINE OF THE CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED SO AS TO READ AS FOLLOWS?

Section 1. All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws, and the subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of laying graded or progressive taxes; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity.

YES.

NO.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION NO. 5.

SHALL ARTICLE NINE OF THE CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED BY ADDING A SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS?

Section 15. No obligations which have been heretofore issued, or which may hereafter be issued by any county or municipality, other than Philadelphia, to provide for the construction or acquisition of waterworks, subways, underground railways or street railways, or the appurtenances thereof, shall be considered as a debt of a municipality, within the meaning of section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania or of this amendment, if the net revenue derived from said property for a period of five years, either before or after the acquisition thereof, or, where the same is constructed by the county or municipality, after the completion thereof, shall have been sufficient to pay interest and sinking-fund charges during said period upon said obligations, or if the said obligations shall be secured by liens upon the respective properties, and shall impose no municipal liability. Where municipalities or counties shall issue obligations to provide for the construction of property, as herein provided, said municipalities or counties may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing thereon until said properties shall have been completed and in operation for a period of one year; and said municipalities and counties shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges, as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until after said properties shall have been operated by said counties or municipalities during said period of one year. Any of the said municipalities or counties may incur indebtedness in excess of seven per centum, and not exceeding ten per centum, of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein, if said increase of indebtedness shall have been assented to by three-fifths of the electors voting at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law.

YES.

NO.

I also hereby make known and give notice the places for holding the aforesaid election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the County of Adams are as follows:

In the First district, composed of the first ward of the borough of Gettysburg, at the Globe Inn, on York street.
In the Second district, composed of the second ward of the borough of Gettysburg, at Joseph Jacobs house, on Chambersburg street.
In the Third district, composed of the third ward of the borough of Gettysburg, at the Court House.
In the Fourth district, composed of the township of Germany, at Golden's School-house, in the township of Germany.
In the Fifth district, composed of the township of Oxford, at Red Hill School-house, in the township of Oxford.
In the Sixth district, composed of that part of the Township of Huntington south of the Oxford road at Election House on Carlisle and Hanover Turnpike near York Springs, in the township of Huntington.
In the Seventh district, composed of the township of Hamiltonburg at the Election House at junction of Tract and Gettysburg roads in the township of Hamiltonburg.
In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at Election House at Pine Run School House in Hamilton township.
In the Ninth district, composed of the township of Menallen, at the Election House on the Newville road, near the residence of Baldwin Morrison and D. P. Rice.
In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Strasburg, in the Election House in the township of Conowingo, at Sand Hill School-house, in the township of Conowingo.
In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the Creamery of Geo. Schwartz near Cashtown.
In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Conowingo, at Sand Hill School-house, in the township of Conowingo.
In the Thirteenth district, composed of that part of the Township of Tyrone south of the Bull Valley Road in the room in F. O. S. of A. Hall in Heidlersburg.
In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the Election House in Two Taverns.
In the Fifteenth district, composed of the township of Union, at the residence of Mrs. M. W. Weller, in said township.
In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the Hall of the Jr. O. U. A. M., in Hampton.
In the Seventeenth district, composed of the borough of Abbottstown, at the town hall in Abbottstown.
In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Samuel S. Joritz, in said township.
In the Nineteenth district, composed of the township of Union, at Schluske School-house, in said township.
In the Twentieth district, composed of the township of Butler, at an Election House on land bought of Geo. E. Deardorff along the Menallen road in said township.
In the Twenty-first district, composed of the township of Berwick at the Beaver Creek School-house, in said township.
In the Twenty-second district, composed of the township of Cumberland, at the Election House on Wm. H. Johns' property on the Emmitsburg road, in said township.
In the Twenty-third district, composed of the township of Highland, at the School-house at Lower Marsh Creek Presbyterian Church, in said township.
In the Twenty-fourth district, composed of the borough of Littlestown, at the Eagle Fire Engine House, in said borough.
In the Twenty-fifth district, composed of the borough of York Springs, at the Central Hotel, said borough.
In the Twenty-sixth district, composed of the township of Liberty, at Grayson's School-house in said township.
In the Twenty-seventh district, composed of the borough of New Oxford, at the Eagle Hotel in said borough.
In the Twenty-eighth district, composed of the borough of East Berlin, at the Church School-house in said borough.
In the Twenty-ninth district, composed of the borough of Bendersville, at the School-house in said borough.
In the Thirtieth district, composed of the township of Latimore, at the State Road School-house in the township of Latimore.
In the Thirty-first district, composed of the first ward of the borough of McSherrytown, at the public house of E. H. Elmer, in said borough.
In the Thirty-second district, composed of the second ward of the borough of McSherrytown, at the public house in said township.
In the Thirty-third district, composed of the borough of Ardenville, at A. F. Trowle's Hall, in said borough.
In the Thirty-fourth district, composed of the borough of Fairfield, in the property of Mr. Evans Artzberger, in said borough.
In the Thirty-fifth district, composed of the borough of Biglerville, at 2nd floor, Thomas Building, in said borough.
In the Thirty-sixth district, composed of that part of the Township of Tyrone north of the Bull Valley Road at the Warehouse of Grover C. Myers, at Gardner's Station in said township.
In the Thirty-seventh district, composed of that part of the Township of Huntington north of the Oxford Road at the Public School House in Merville in said township.
In the Thirty-eighth district, composed of Mountpleasant No. 2, at the Engine House in Mt. Rock, in said township.
In the Thirty-ninth district, composed of Mountpleasant No. 3, at the residence of J. A. Staub in Bonnaville, in said township.
Every person, except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of this State or of the United States or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature and of the select or common council of any city or commissioner, or any incorporated district is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer, of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer.
Given under my hand and seal at my office in the borough of Gettysburg, County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania, 17th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the one hundred and thirty-sixth year of the Independence of the United States.

G. R. THOMPSON, Sheriff. [SEAL]

NATURE'S WARNING

Gettysburg People Must Recognize and Heed It.

Kidney ills come mysteriously. But nature generally warns you. Notice the kidney secretions. See if the color is unhealthy—If there are settlements and sediment. Passages frequent, scanty, painful. It's time to fear serious kidney trouble.

It's time to use Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's have done great work in Gettysburg.

Charles Wilson, farmer, R. R. No. 5, Gettysburg, Pa., says: "I have used several boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills and have found them fine for kidney complaint. I had sharp twinges across the small of my back and in my sides. By using Doan's Kidney Pills in time I was rid of these troubles. I strongly recommend this remedy."

The above statement must carry conviction to the mind of every reader. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mr. Wilson had—the remedy backed by home testimony. 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name."

Advertisement.

R. C. Rhode Island Red Cockerels for sale. Large well bred birds for \$1.50 and \$2.00

My winnings at the Poultry Show at Biglerville and the Maryland State Grange will explain to you just what I have in REDS.

ALSO

Fawn and White Indian Runner Drakes.

W. G. HORNER,

Catalpa Poultry Farm,

Gettysburg, Pa.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE

it is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

The Cleanest Wash Without Drogery

And it will be the cleanest, sweetest wash you ever set your eyes on—and the cheapest too!

DAVID KNOUSS, Arentsville, Pa.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the administration accounts hereinafter entered will be presented at an Orphan's Court of Adams County, Pa., for confirmation and allowance, on Saturday, Nov. 8th, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. of said day.

E. H. BERKHEIMER, Register of Wills.

ROAD BOND OPPOSITION

THE GRANGE IS OPPOSING AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Twelve Reasons Embodying Their Objections to the Bond Method of Building Roads.

Twelve reasons why Pennsylvania State Grange opposes \$50,000,000 loan for road purposes. The Grange has been the pioneer of the Good Roads Movement, but it is opposed to the bond issue.

1st. It is not a good proposition for any business to borrow money when it is not necessary. The State has abundant resources to construct roads without borrowing a dollar. We can now raise from current revenues from \$5,000,000 to \$8,000,000 annually.

2nd. Should more money be needed, the State Grange proposed a plan many years ago providing for a tax of one mill on corporate property. The Tax Commission reported to the last Legislature to the effect that if the bonds of corporations were taxed in the hands of corporations in place of the hands of the holder, \$10,000,000 more could be added. Ex-Auditor General Young and Sisson said that even under present laws, with the necessary help, several millions could be added.

3rd. Every cent of the tax on anthracite coal should go on the roads—that was the understanding. The Legislature appropriated for road purposes for 1913-14, \$3,385,000 per year. Add to this the automobile licenses and we have \$4,500,000 for roads annually. This answers the argument of our automobile friends who say \$3,000,000 is all any Highway Department can spend intelligently and economically. Why borrow?

4th. The interest and sinking fund charges on a \$50,000,000 loan will require from \$2,000,000 to \$3,500,000 annually. On 50 year bonds the interest charges and principal would cost us \$150,000,000 until paid. Why not pay as you go instead of working for a dead horse?

5th. Years ago the State borrowed at various times sums amounting to about \$50,000,000 for our public works, canals, etc. The interest and sinking fund charges plus the cost of repairing and maintaining them became so burdensome to the people that they were finally sold at a trifle. Shall we repeat that experiment?

6th. Before submitting this question to the people some plan should have been worked out by the Highway Department so that the voters could vote intelligently. As the law now stands, this money, if the bond issue is carried, can all be spent in one county or used to build a national boulevard across the State. This may be a part of the plan of those who originated the bonding proposition.

7th. The Highway Department has proved itself inefficient and wasteful. It has disobeyed the law in not preparing bulletins to systematize and instruct township supervisors. It has issued no report since 1909. Mr. Bigelow claims to have built since June 1911, 297 miles of roads. The Auditor General's figures show 194 miles. Who is correct? The prices paid for roads for 1912-13 averages \$20,000 per mile plus the extras and the overhead charges. Does any one know where we are at?

8th. The big corporations are for the bond issue in order to head off any change in the tax laws. The argument that the farmer pays no State tax is true as a direct proposition, but indirectly he pays not only his local taxes but is charged up with the taxes on corporations, either in added freight rates or decreased appropriations for schools and dirt roads. But if corporations pay for the good roads let them pay as we go. It will be cheaper and save a lot of book-keeping.

9th. New York has borrowed \$100,000,000 for roads and road scandals. Ohio has borrowed no money and has three times as many miles of good roads as has New York. Ohio has equalization of taxation. All kinds of property pays the same mill rate and the maximum mill rate is fixed at 10 1/2 mills. It is the same rate on a railroad as it is on a farm. The average mill rate on Pennsylvania farms is 18 and on corporate property 3 mills.

A BRONCHIAL COUGH

is wearing and dangerous because the inflamed, mucus-filled tubes interfere with breathing and the fresh air passes through that unhealthy tissue.



Probably no other remedy affords such prompt and permanent relief as Scott's Emulsion; it checks the cough, heals the linings of the throat and bronchial tubes and strengthens the lungs to avert tuberculosis. This point cannot be emphasized too strongly—that Scott's Emulsion has been suppressing bronchitis for forty years and will help you.

Be careful to avoid substitutes and insist on SCOTT'S. AT ANY DRUG STORE. 13-77

10th. The permanent road has not yet been discovered. Our expensive roads are lasting from two to ten years. It is a wrong principle to issue long time bonds for improvements that will be gone long before the bonds are due.

11th. The farmers of the State have been deceived, ignored and bunced in this whole road business. State aid for township roads provided for by law has been refused, the township roads stolen, and now under the new Township Road Law, passed at the last session of the Legislature, the local road taxes are to be spent under the orders of the Highway Department. This department has neglected to maintain and keep in repair the roads now in their possession, and seems to know nothing about our dirt roads. Has no plans. It has now about 125 office holders and clerks at Harrisburg plus about 4,000 scattered over the State.

12th. The Grange believes that by defeating the bond issue the confusion and chaos in our road affairs will be systematized and all our roads improved in the course of 10 or 12 years, so that legislation can be passed to protect our roads and keep them in repair at the lowest possible cost.

Amendment No. 1.

Good Roads are not a political or partisan issue as far as concerns the proposed amendment to the Constitution No. 1 to be found on another page. The desirability of good roads is not the issue and if such was the issue it is believed that good roads would carry almost unanimously. This country and State absolutely needs good roads. We need them for the one overwhelming reason to lessen the cost of the haul from where things are grown to where they are consumed.

There may, however, be honest and sincere differences upon the question as to the method of going about to get the good roads, whether through a fifty million dollar bond amendment to the Constitution or in some other way.

We are of the opinion that if the tax laws of the State were recast upon the square deal, so that corporations would bear the burden of government as fully as the citizens do, that the revenues of the State could be so vastly increased as to take care of the building of roads without the creation of a debt. The Democratic floor leader of the last House, E. Lowry Humes, proposed such a revision of the tax laws. Give this State a law for the physical assessment of corporation property as in New York State and there would be no need to create a debt to build roads. But the corporations back of the political machine ruling this State did not permit the enactment of any such law as proposed by Mr. Humes and it is a foregone conclusion that any such proposed law will be fought for years to come. Shall the people suffer for the want of good roads, a present-day necessity, until the people have won their fight for better and more equitable tax laws. We can not so conclude.

It may be said that the building of good roads is yet in the experimental stage. Granting that, it seems to us the cost of the experiment had better be born by the indirect taxation received by the State than any direct taxation scheme upon the people.

It is argued that our present highway department is not to be trusted in the spending of fifty millions of dollars, and that a portion of the money will be spent to keep the party in power that has been ruling the State. That is possible, yet in the spending of as many millions in New York, State, the political complexion of the administration of that State was changed. It has not been many years since the Kevrons State twice elected a Democratic Governor and a Democratic State Treasurer, and it does not follow as a necessary sequence that the money will be spent by an administration ruled by the present machine bosses and contractors. Abuse of power could easily work an overthrow of the political party responsible for the same.

A vote in favor of the fifty million dollar Constitutional amendment does not mean putting that sum in the hands of the present Republican administration, if the amendment carries. No part of the loan becomes available until the legislature meets and passes the necessary laws for the creating of bonds, etc. Governor Tener will have to cast truth and honor to the winds if he recalls the old legislature in special session, for he has said that this would not be done, and that the next legislature elected in 1914 would have charge of the making of the new laws required by the amendment. Any attempt to violate this promise would give the Democrats the best of campaign material for 1914. It is conceived that the nomination of one of the best Democrats in the State for Governor next year would force the opposition to put up their best material and it is altogether possible that the expenditure of the millions for roads would be largely honestly spent by the party winning at the polls next year.

The creation of a debt under the constitutional amendment it is conceived, will only make clearer the necessity of a square deal revision of tax laws, and when this issue is fought to a successful finish, the sources of revenue of the State will be increased and be available for maturing road obligations and so avoid any direct State tax on the citizens.

We believe it is possible for any Democrat to come to the conclusion that it is entirely right to vote for

amendment No. 1, that the administration elected in 1914 will be responsible for the laws creating the debt and beginning the spending of it, that in the present fight between Penrose and Flynn, it is hopeful that a Democrat can be elected Governor next year and organize the State Highway Department, and that the State should assume the burden of road building at once for better justice both to those who produce from the land and those who consume what is produced. To Democrats who entertain opinions like the above we believe they are fully justified in voting "Yes" for the amendment.

On the other hand we believe that there are many Democrats who have good reasons for their fears that there is too much risk to run from the machine that has held this State by the back of the neck for years, that it will give this machine new opportunities to build up power and thereby get a longer lease of life for that machine. To Democrats entertaining this fear, we say obey your conscientious conviction, and if they are unfavorable to the amendment, vote against it.

Amendment No. 2.

The second proposed amendment would write into the Constitution the following words: "but the legislature may regulate and fix the wages or salaries, the hours of work or labor and make provision for the protection, welfare and safety of persons, employed by the State, or by any county, city, borough, town township, school district, village or other civil division of the State, or by any contractor or subcontractor performing work, labor, or service for the State, or for any county, city, borough, town, township, school district, village or other civil division thereof." This amendment brought home to the people of our county means as follows: When a school house is being built, or work on road is being done, or roads built, or streets of a borough are being worked upon, or other work done by the borough, shall the employing municipality and the employee agree upon the hours of work and wages, or shall they be compelled to accept what the State may fix by statute both as to hours and wages. If the elector is in favor of the State fixing hours and wages for all work in boroughs, townships, and school districts, vote yes, if the elector is in favor of employer and employee making their own bargains both as to hours and wages, vote no. With the present light we believe it would best conserve individual democracy by voting No.

Amendment No. 3.

This amendment simply means that when the election amendments were made several years ago, the terms of judges were overlooked. Their elections must come in the uneven years, yet many terms were expiring in the even years. This amendment means to Adams county, that if the electors do not add one additional year to the term of Judge Swope, by adopting the amendment, that Governor Tener will appoint the judge for the additional year until the election can be held in 1915. Governor Tener has indicated that he will appoint all judges holding the office for the additional year. If the electors do not give the additional year the Governor will give it and it would be a much more gracious act for the electors to give it by voting Yes to this amendment.

Amendment No. 4.

This amendment would change the present constitution by writing into it the following words: "and the subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of laying graded or progressive taxes." This would change the present equality and uniformity on taxation. It is possible that a classification would be more just if properly made, for a half dozen citizens may each own properties that should sell in the market for \$10,000 and each may now be paying the same rate on the same valuation, yet one of the properties may require more State regulation, inspection, police oversight and protection than the other five put together. The question whether it would be equitable to classify the subjects, might seem advisable if a Pennsylvania legislature could be trusted to do it justly. But we prefer to stand by the equal and uniform taxation as at present provided by the Constitution and the present method can be preserved with a No.

Not Paint

With linseed oil at 51, what sort of oil do you think they use in "paint" at 51.75 and 51.80?

That stuff is counterfeit paint. You can cheat yourself; you can't cheat Time or Weather.

Paint is a rubbery coat over wood and iron to keep-out water.

Counterfeit paint may look like it; counterfeit money looks like money.

What are all counterfeits for. They are all alike.

DEVORE

T. J. Winebreuter sell our paint. Advertisement.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM AND BLADDER

The Kind of Jewelry YOU WANT

is the guaranteed kind—the kind we carry always in stock. It's our business policy to carry only the jewelry that we can feel sure of—jewelry that, being guaranteed to us, we can guarantee to you.

No matter what you want in jewelry particularly if it is the nationally advertised kind, and guaranteed by Good Housekeeping Magazine, we have it. Come in and let us show you our complete line of reasonably-priced

Guaranteed Jewelry

PENROSE MYERS

Watchmaker and Jeweler

Baltimore Street

Several Second Hand Automobiles

for Sale

AND 3 SECOND HAND MOTORCYCLES

All in good shape.

Persons desiring to buy second hand machines would do well to examine these cars.

Either five passenger or two passenger cars--as desired.

CENTRAL AUTO COMPANY,

64 York Street,

Gettysburg, Pa

List of Jurors

GRAND JURORS.

List of Grand Jurors drawn Sept. 30, 1913, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg, Pa. and for the County of Adams, the second Monday of November, A. D., 1913.

1st ward. Bittinger, C. H., merchant, Berwick Twp. Baumgardner, Elmer J., farmer, Liberty Twp.

2nd ward. Dandorf, J. Alvin, fruit farmer, Franklin Twp. Dougherty, Chas. B., ice mfg., Gettysburg Twp.

3rd ward. Group, Foster C., laborer, Huntingdon Twp. Train, Albert, laborer, Franklin Twp. Kohler, Harry L., farmer, Gettysburg Twp. Kohler, Wm., lumberman, New Oxford Bor.

4th ward. Hestler, Geo. F., cigar maker, McSherrystown, 2nd ward. McHiring, S. D., carriage maker, Littlestown Bor.

5th ward. Felt, Geo. W., cigar mfr., Littlestown Bor. Rickrode, Wm. J., farmer, Germany Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp.

6th ward. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp.

7th ward. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp.

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12th ward. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp.

13th ward. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp.

14th ward. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp.

15th ward. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp. Rousong, Isaac H., farmer, Tyrone Twp.

The Atlantic Refining Company

Philadelphia

Pittsburgh

Philadelphia Pittsburgh

Philadelphia Pittsburgh

Philadelphia Pittsburgh

Philadelphia Pittsburgh

Philadelphia Pittsburgh

Philadelphia Pittsburgh

Philadelphia Pittsburgh

Turn that Cold Draft into a Warm Breeze

YOUR favorite seat near the window is comfortable on the coldest day when you use a

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Gives quick, glowing warmth where and when you want it. Easily portable. No smoke. No smell. Safe, clean, convenient. Steady heat for nine hours on a single gallon of oil.

Made with plain steel or turquoise-blue enameled drum. Dealers everywhere, or write for descriptive circular.

The Atlantic Refining Company

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Philadelphia Pittsburgh

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Philadelphia Pittsburgh

Philadelphia Pittsburgh



WEBSTER GRIM'S POLITICAL RECORD

Sketch of Candidate For Su- perior Court Judgeship

POPULAR WITH RURAL VOTERS

Bucks County Man Carried Seven Agricultural Counties at Primary Election and Is Logical Nominee of the Eastern Part of the State.

Former Senator Webster Grim, nominee for judge of the superior court, is a native of Bucks county, where he was born forty-seven years ago. He is a leading attorney of the bar of that county, and by reason of his wide acquaintance with public men at home and abroad has always enjoyed an extensive practice. He entered politics as a Democrat as soon as he reached his majority and has been a leader of state prominence for a number of years. In 1902, when no other Democrat would take the nomination in Bucks county for the state senate Mr. Grim accepted it and won out after a hard fight. Four years later he was re-elected, although all the resources of the opposition were brought to bear to defeat him at a time when the county was heavily Republican.

Mr. Grim was a delegate to many Democratic state conventions and was permanent chairman of the convention of 1903. In the session of the senate in 1905 he was candidate for president

not able to stem this tide of vice then tantum, so thoroughly exposed it that a political revolution followed. Senator Grim was instrumental in placing upon the state books between 1903 and 1909. He either supported or helped draft the Columbus Day bill, the bills for the taxation of express companies, for payment of National Guardsmen at drills, providing for the health and safety of miners, authorizing trolley roads to carry freight, for all the pure food bills, for the soldiers' pension bill, for the bill protecting minor children, for the bill of rights of labor unions and for the school code.

Equally alert against bad measures, he fought the bill increasing the salary of governor, against benzene of soda, against assistant district attorneys in certain counties, against the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh boulevard, against the resolution to place the Quay statue in the capitol corridor, against increase in the salary of the auditor general and against all machine measures to grab franchises and control utilities.

Popular With Country Voters.

When the Democratic committee of Bucks county last April, by formal resolution, presented the name of Webster Grim to the voters of the state as a candidate for superior court judge, he was averse to entering the contest. The importunities of his friends prevailed and he finally consented to the use of his name. His friends made the fight for him on the ground that the southeastern section of the state, never represented on the superior court bench since that court was established, was entitled to a judge. This just plea met with such a hearty response at the primary election last September that he carried seven contiguous counties—Bucks, Montgomery, Lehigh, Berks, Carbon, Monroe and Northampton—which gave him a vote of

FOR THE SUPERIOR COURT

D. Webster Grim, is the Only Democratic Nominee (From the Philadelphia Record, Oct. 17, 1913.)

While four candidates, Messrs. Henderson, Alcorn, Kephart and Grim, have been nominated for the two places to be filled on the superior court bench at the coming election, the attorney general has decided that voters can cast a ballot for only one of these, under the new non-partisan law. The evident purpose of this legislation is to give representation to the minority.

Of the four candidates named Mr. Grim is the only Democrat. Judge Henderson, now ending his term of office, has been especially favored by the Republican organization of the state. Ex-City Solicitor Alcorn and John W. Kephart are also Republicans.

For the Democrats of Pennsylvania there should be but one candidate to consider, ex-Senator D. Webster Grim, of Bucks county, who won his nomination fairly in a large field of aspirants. While a member of the state senate he earned a high reputation as a consistent supporter of good measures and a vigorous opponent of vicious legislation favored by the Republican machine. He stands well at the bar, and as the only candidate of his party is entitled to its full support.

An additional argument in Mr. Grim's favor is the fact that the Democrats have at present but one member, Judge Head, on the superior court bench. This is surely very inadequate representation, in view of the numerical strength of the party in this state, and in all fairness they can claim that they should have a greater proportion of the judges. Of course, partisanship ought not to be carried to the bench but that does not mean that everything must make way for the wishes of the Republican bosses. The Democrats of

MARRIAGES.

KARMANY—HENDRICKS—Mr. and Mrs. W. Homer Hendricks of Palmerston, announce the marriage of their sister Miss Ethel Hendrick to George W. Karmany, both of Hummelstown. Wedding took place Oct. 15 and ceremony was performed by Rev. D. Burt Smith. The groom is a graduate of Gettysburg College in class of 1907 and member of firm of Karmany & Son, furniture and undertaking of Hummelstown.

HERSHEY—JOHNS—At Harrisburg, Oct. 15 by Rev. A. L. Reutter, Miss Mary Celia, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel L. Johns and Herbert C. Hershey of Hanover.

TROSTLE—WOLFE—On Oct. 11th in Tazewell by Rev. L. B. Hafer, Harry L. Trostle of Littlestown and Miss Esther M. Wolfe of Kingsdale.

SHERMAN—RINEHART—On Oct. 11 at Elktion, Guy S. Sherman of Two Taverns and Miss Bernette Rinehart, milliner of this place were married.

MC'AUSLIN—MYERS—On Oct. 18, Clerk of the Courts Ohnger performed his first wedding in marrying Robert A. McCauslin and Miss Estella Myers, both of Menallen township.

HAGER—PLANK—On Oct. 15 at home of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Stoner, Orrtanna, Miss Pearl Plank, and D. Ralph Hager of York were united in marriage by Rev. D. T. Koser.

Philadelphia Record.

Beginning with its issue of Sunday, November 2nd, and continuing regularly thereafter, The Philadelphia Record will publish a splendid weekly magazine in connection with its Sunday paper. The magazine will consist of twenty pages. It will have a handsome colored cover and will contain short and continued stories by the best modern writers. This magazine will be highbless and dignified and entirely consistent with the character of the Sunday Record, and it should appeal to all lovers of good reading matter. Among its contributors will be—Richard Harding Davis, Gouverneur Morris, Mary Roberts Rinehart, James Oliver Chubbwood, Ellis Parker Butler, Rex Beach, Elinor Glyn, George Fennell, Gelett Burgess, Wallace Irwin, and many others. It will be illustrated by the world's best artists—Jas. Montgomery Flagg, Henry Hutt, C. Coles Phillips, Howard Chandler Christy, Penrhyn Saulsby, Hamilton King, and others equally famous.

Even with such a splendid addition to this already excellent newspaper, the price of the Sunday Record will remain the same, three cents.

WHAT IS A COLD in the head? Nothing to worry about if you treat it with Ely's Cream Balm. Neglected, the cold may grow into catarrh, and the air-passages be so inflamed that you have to fight for every breath. It is true that Ely's Cream Balm masters catarrh, promptly. But you know the old saying about the ounce of prevention. Therefore use Cream Balm when the cold in the head shows itself. All druggists, 50c., or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Town Property Sold.

The real estate of Wm. F. Codori was sold on Saturday last by Plus A. Miller, the trustee in bankruptcy, at public sale to Mrs. Carrie May Codori for \$9025. The sale made on the 31st day of October 1912, had been set aside by the District Court of the U. S. The second sale is an advance of \$775 over the former, and is clear of all liens and encumbrances.

When the Cake Is Done.

It should pull from the sides of the pan.

Should not stick to a toothpick when it is put into the center.

It should spring back in place when the finger is pressed on the top.—Woman's World.

Compensation.

"Baby, won't you be a good boy and go to Sunday school this morning?" "Mamma, will you let me skip my path if I do?"—Chicago Tribune.

All faults may be forgiven of him who has perfect candor.

Dogs That Fly.

Little Grace—Papa, has a dog got wings? Papa—Certainly not, my dear! Little Grace—Then the nurse told a big story. She said she was walking down the street last night when a big dog flew out at her. Chicago News.

Proof.

"They say that unions raise the price of labor."

"Quite right! Two of my clerks got married last week and struck me for more salary." Boston Transcript.

On the choice of friends our good or evil name depends.—Gray.

Carrying the constitutional amendment does not create a debt. It only gives the right to create one to get funds to build roads with, if the Legislature of 1915 and subsequent legislatures think best to do so. Through our system of electing a new legislature every two years the people have continued control of the debt proposition.

The building of the roads comprising the Sproul State Road System is essential to the welfare of the State as a whole and to the people of every section of the State.

Are the Fly and Mosquito Dangerous?

The fly, with spongy feet, collects the invisible germs of diseases, spreads them over our food and poisons us with typhoid and cholera. The mosquito with its bite injects into our veins malaria and yellow fever. The bacteria of consumption, or grip, are everywhere present for us to breathe into our lungs. The blood which flows through our veins and arteries is our protection. It should contain healthy red and white blood corpuscles—capable of warding off these disease germs. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a blood medicine and alterative made entirely without alcohol, a pure glyceric extract of bloodroot, golden seal, Oregon grape root, queen's root, mandrake and stone root, which has enjoyed a good reputation for over forty years. The refreshing influence of this extract is like Nature's influence—the blood is bathed in the tonic which gives life to the blood—the vital fires of the body burn brighter and their increased activity consumes the tissue rubbish which has accumulated during the winter.



M. MAGUIRE, ESQ.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are for liver ills.

"About forty years ago while in Newark, New Jersey, I had chills and fever," writes Mr. MICHAEL MAGUIRE, of National Military Home, Kans. "I went to Kansas City and in the spring of 1877 the chills and fever returned. Doctors and everything I tried failed to do me good. Finally I saw Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery advertised, I took one bottle of it and the chills vanished. In about a year afterward I felt them coming back so I got another bottle and have never had any symptoms of fever or ague since. That is all of twenty years ago, for I had the chills about twelve years before I started to take 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

Complete

Fall Showing of SHOES

For Men and Women

ECKERT'S STORE

"ON THE SQUARE"

Complete Line==

Pens
Pencils
Tablets, Envelopes,
Blank Books, Box Paper
Ink, Pass Books, Note Books, Files, Clips, Tags,
Seals, Erasers, Eylets Blotters, Bands, Crayons,
Scales, Trays, Boxes, Crepe and Tissue. Paste
Mucilage Etc. All the above in many styles and makes.

We carry every thing found in a first class stationary store. Our guarantee for quality and satisfaction back of every article we sell.

PEOPLES DRUG STORE

Special Shoe Sale If You Desire To Save Money Come In

ORDERED OUT

We have made the rounds and ordered out all of our Men's, Women's and Children's Summer Shoes and now we are going to

Make Them Move

We offer shoe bargains that you cannot afford to ignore. No one with feet should ignore this sale.

Remember, the sale is NOW on and if YOU do stay away, YOU are the loser.

Prices too varied and numerous to enumerate here.

C. B. KITZMILLER

BALTIMORE STREET

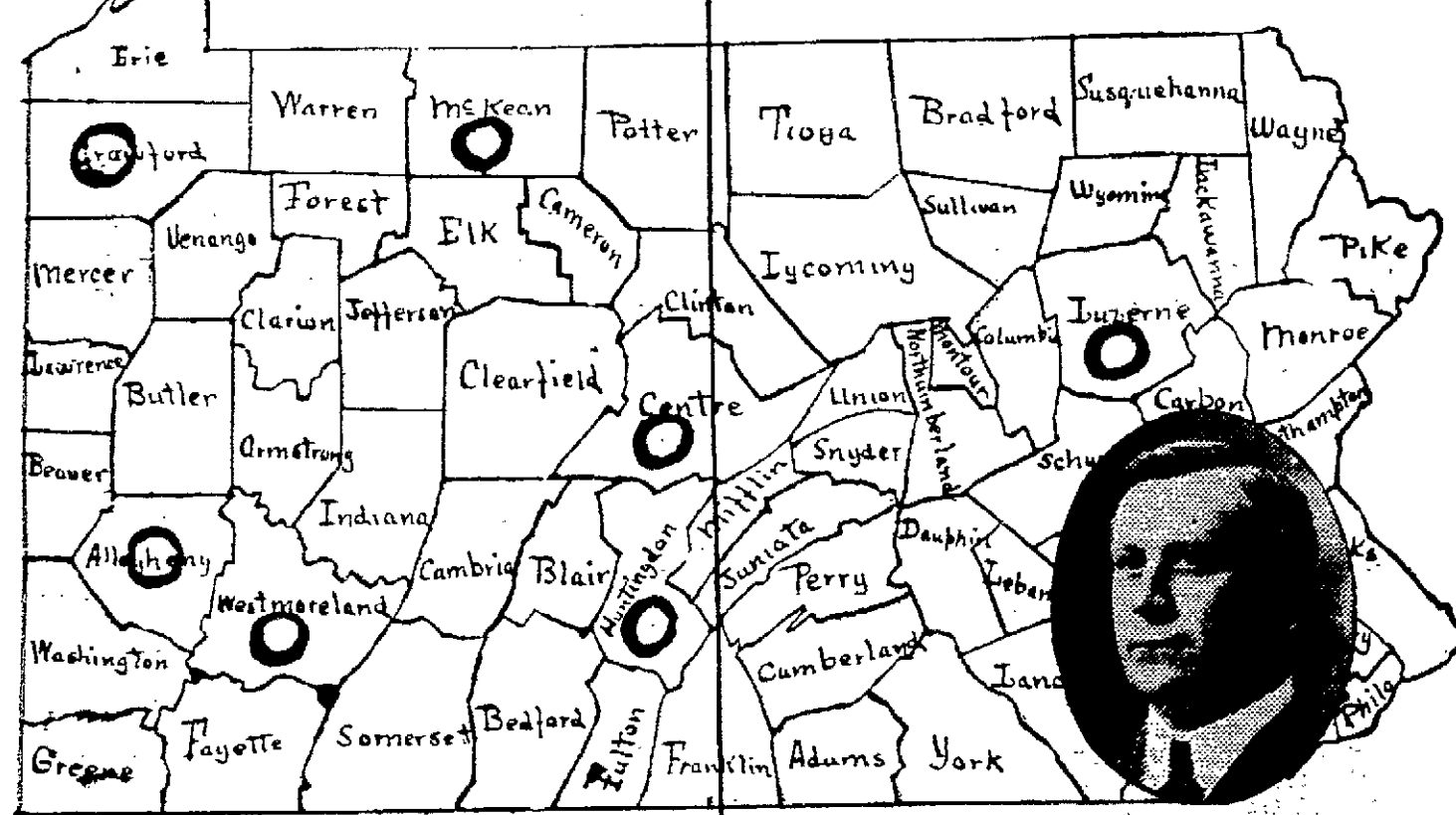
NOTICE.

The first and final account of The Citizens Trust Company of Gettysburg, Trustee of a fund arising under will of Francis T. Caldwell, dec'd, for benefit of Louisa Caldwell now deceased, during her life has been filed in the Orphans Court of Adams County, and will be confirmed by said court on the 5th day of November, 1913, at 10.30, unless cause be shown to the contrary. WM. E. OLLINGER, Clerk O. C.

FARM AND MILL FOR SALE

FARM consisting of 160 Acres, more or less, with 20 acres of timber, located on the road leading from Emmitsburg to Gettysburg, 2 1/2 miles from the former place. The farm is improved with an eleven room two-story dwelling, three bank barn, wagon shed, ice house, wind pump and out-buildings. All fencing is in good condition. There are 400 apple trees planted 8 years. MILL PROPERTY, consisting of a 35 horse roller mill and saw mill in first-class condition, with all necessary water rights, will be sold together or separately to suit purchaser. Apply to DAVID RHODES, P. O. Fairfield, Pa.

Map showing location of Judges of the Superior Court, 1913.



Seven judges constitute the Superior Court. Of these, Judge Rice is the only one elected from counties east of Centre County.

The population in 1910 of the counties of the state in the area represented by the six judges was 2,958,748.

The population in 1910 of the counties of the state in the area represented by one judge was 4,506,363.

The entire southeastern portion of the state which furnishes the bulk of the business before the court is without any territorial representation upon the court.

There is not one representative upon that court from the agricultural section of the state.

The election of Webster Grim, the Bucks County candidate, from the agricultural section will give a more equitable representation. The interests of the public require it.

pro tem. In 1909 he received the unanimous vote of his party for United States senator against Senator Oliver. Against his wishes in 1908 he was placed on the Democratic ticket for superior court judge, and in this campaign he was unsuccessful. Senator Grim was nominated for governor by his party at the Allentown convention in 1910. He was defeated, and the incidents of that campaign are so recent that they need not be repeated. Under the most unjust aspersions Mr. Grim bore himself with manly courage and remarkable self-restraint throughout that contest, emerging from it stronger in the regard of the people after defeat than ever before. Amid the myriads of charges which characterized that bitter conflict Senator Grim came through it all without a stain upon his personal or political honor. Though wronged and misjudged he never wavered in his fealty to his party or its principles. His course in 1910 won for him the sympathy not only of his own party, but of thousands of independent residents throughout the state, which accounts in a measure for his huge vote in the primaries of Sept. 15.

Record as a Legislator.

Senator Grim's career in the state senate not only made him floor leader of his party in that body, but it placed him in the forefront of Pennsylvania's real reformers. His record as a legislator has left an indelible impress upon legislation, but it was also largely instrumental in starting the aggressive and progressive movement against machine politics that now appears to be working out better things for the state. Senator Grim was the father of automobile legislation, introducing the first bill on the subject, which was then new matter for legislation. His speeches against the "press muzzle" were commended by Republican and Democratic newspapers alike. He fought all forms of jobbery and was the foe in every session of all measures designed to multiply offices, increase salaries, pension judges and appropriate water rights. He and his colleagues in the session of 1905, while

over 25,000.

Senator Grim's strength with the country voter is indicated by the official count of the primary vote, which shows that he leads all the other fourteen candidates outside of Philadelphia and Allegheny. In sixty-five counties, exclusive of Philadelphia and Allegheny, he has a plurality of 2100 over Kephart, 11,897 over Alcorn and 16,054 over Henderson. Senator Grim's friends regard this as an exceptional endorsement of his availability for the superior court judgeship.

His Progressive Views.

The progressive voters of the state, knowing Senator Grim's record in the state senate as a reformer, appear to have given him very general support. It is quite evident that this body of voters believes that a man who represents genuine progress along lines of economic betterment should sit in the superior court.

Since his candidacy was first suggested nearly six months ago Senator Grim has had many well-merited compliments paid to him, but none of them were finer nor more sincere than that found in a recent address "To the Voters of Pennsylvania," in the Bucks County Bar, in which his fellow attorneys say:

"He has a judicial temperament, is careful in the formation of his judgments, and is never hasty in expressing his opinions. He is known everywhere as a man of even temper, not easily provoked and never for a moment allows himself to become swayed by excitement. The trait of dealing fairly with his fellow members of the bar and with his clients has always been freely conceded to him, but at the same time he is a persistent fighter and loses no opportunity to succeed in what he undertakes. He has always displayed a keen and exalted sense of professional dignity, and he differs from many of the lawyers of this day in that he does not feel that the decisions of the past should settle forever the course for the future. This is why he is known as a progressive. His whole senatorial record shows that he holds advanced views along these lines."

Pennsylvania are entitled in all equity to greater representation in the superior court, and they should enforce their rights by giving their unanimous support to ex-Senator Grim.

Grim and the Democrats.

(From the Pittsburgh, Pa., Oct. 15, 1913.)

In the midst of a non-partisan struggle that presents more or less novelty to the average voter, it is well for Democrats to keep in mind that Webster Grim is a member of their party. He was nominated for superior judge by a splendid vote, a tribute to Democratic unity as well as a testimonial to a worthy and consistent advocate of party principles. In view of conditions in Pennsylvania it is possible to elect Mr. Grim, in fact, it is probable, providing Democratic voters give him their full support. This office ought to go to the party, and it is believed that a great many Republicans, dissatisfied with their own party, will vote for him.

Having canvassed the state for governor, Mr. Grim is not unknown to the people. He can, therefore, count with confidence on obtaining that to which he is entitled—the hearty support of his party. As the party is preparing itself for a campaign next year that promises to give it a United States senator and possibly the governor, it should take advantage of the situation this year to lay the foundation in the shape of a solid vote for its candidate for the superior judgeship, so let every Democrat remember that Webster Grim represents the party on the ticket, and that every vote cast for him will contribute a measure of influence having a direct bearing on the campaign next year. There is no reason why a Democrat should misunderstand the situation.

We are satisfied the Democrats of western Pennsylvania will make no mistake in this matter, and that there will be unity of action on their part. The point for them to keep in mind is that every vote cast for Webster Grim will be a vote for the Democratic party, for its building up and an aid to its success next year.

OCTOBER MARRIAGES.

HAGER—PLANK.—Miss Pearle Quinn Plank and D. Ralph Hager of York, were married at home of an uncle and aunt of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Stoner of Orrtanna, on Wednesday, Oct. 15. The wedding church was played by Miss Alma Lowry of McKnightstown. Miss Pauline Perry of Windsor was bridesmaid and S. D. Williams of Hanover best man. Miss Anna Hainly of Philadelphia, a niece of the bride was flower girl. The ceremony was performed by Dr. D. T. Goser under a wedding bell of crushed white roses. The bride wore a beautiful gown of white messaline with embroidered silk chiffon with bride's veil caught with lilies of the valley and maiden hair ferns. She carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore a gown of silk bobbinet lace over lavender crepe meteor and carried lavender chrysanthemums. A large number of friends and relatives were present. The newly weds went on an extended trip through Ohio and Michigan.

MILLER—CLAFFETTER.—Dr. Edgar A. Miller, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Milley Miller of Baltimore street, and Miss Winifred Claffetter of East Berlin, were married on Thursday at St. Paul's Reformed Church, Baltimore, by Rev. Lloyd E. Coblenz, pastor. Dr. Miller is a graduate of Gettysburg College and the Medical Department of Johns Hopkins University. He recently completed his service as interne at St. Francis Hospital, Pittsburgh, and will open an office in the Buehler Building, Chambersburg street about Nov. 1st.

STRAYER—GOOD.—On Oct. 21, Lloyd Strayer, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Strayer of York, formerly of Abbottstown and Miss Lovetta Good of Meadville, were married at the home of the bride. George Strayer, brother of the groom, was best man. Mr. Strayer is a civil engineer with B. & C. R. and they will live in Baltimore.

KRIDER—BECK.—On Oct. 13, at Baltimore, by Rev. J. D. Sadler, Ernest E. Krider, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Krider of Baltimore, and Miss Clara E. Beck, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Beck of this county, were united in marriage.

FROCK—BRUMGARD.—On Oct. 18 by Rev. S. L. Hensch at Hanover, Ernest Frock of Oxford township and Miss Esta B. Brumgard of Union township.

KELLER—CARBAUGH.—At Hagerstown last week, Guy A. Keller of McKnightstown and Miss Anna Carbaugh of Tillie were married.

DEARDORFF—FELTY.—At York on Oct. 9 by Rev. A. R. Steck, D. D. Robert B. Deardorff and Miss Mae Felty of Round Hill.

KECKLER—BROWN.—Announcement has been received of wedding of A. H. Keckler of Mesa, Idaho, formerly of Gettysburg and Miss Bertha Brown of Indian Valley, Idaho.

TROSTLE—WOLFE.—At Westminster last week, Harry S. Trostle, son of Director of Poor M. A. L. Trostle of near Littlestown and Miss Esther M. Wolfe of Kingsdale.

Apple Day.

Apple Day, Tuesday of last week, was observed in the schools. During the afternoon a short intermission was taken and the children were allowed to eat an apple and then after disposing of the core etc. in an orderly way instruction was resumed.

E. B. BENDER will have a sale of Household Goods on Thursday afternoon, Oct. 30 in front of the Court House at 1 p m.

Advertisement.

ARE YOU READY FOR THE Hunting :: Season?

If you are planning a Hunting Trip for a day or a month it will pay you to let us fit you out with proper equipment to insure a successful trip.

Iver Johnson and Harrington & Richardson Single barrel shot guns, guaranteed for smokeless powder - - - - - **\$ 4.00**
 Harrington & Richardson 44-ga. shot gun, shell ejector, for boys or ladies, - - - **\$ 4.25**
 L. C. Smith hammerless gun - - - - **25.00**
 Ithaca hammerless gun, 20-ga., - - - **20.00**
 Tryon hammerless gun, 12-ga., - - - **15.00**
 Davis hammerless gun - - - - **13.00**
 Davis hammer double-barrel gun - - - **10.00**
 Hunting Coats - - - - **\$2.00 to \$4.50**

New Club, Nitro Club and Winchester Shells
 Leggings, Gun Cases, etc. Everything you need.

JOIN OUR PIANO CLUB

We sell the famous STORY & CLARK PIANOS for cash or on the Easy Payment Plan. Call or write for particulars. If you wish we will have an experienced salesman call on you.

WE GIVE THE "S. & H." GREEN TRADING STAMPS.

GETTYSBURG DEPARTMENT STORE

Adams County Teachers' Institute

WALTER'S THEATRE. GETTYSBURG. PENNA.
November 17, 18, 19, 20, 1913

Evening Entertainments:—

MONDAY, NOV. 17

Dr. Andrew P. Johnson, "Eli and Dennis."

TUESDAY, NOV. 18

Ralph Parlette, Humorest. "Richer than Rockefeller."

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 19

The Hearons Sisters Concert Company.

THURSDAY, NOV. 20

The Venetian Screamers.

Course Tickets for sale at the office of the County Superintendent, Saturdays, NOVEMBER 8 and 15

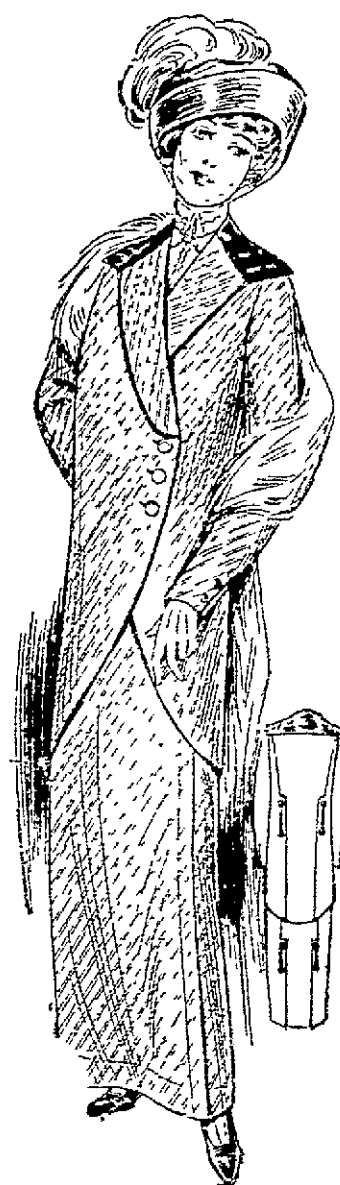
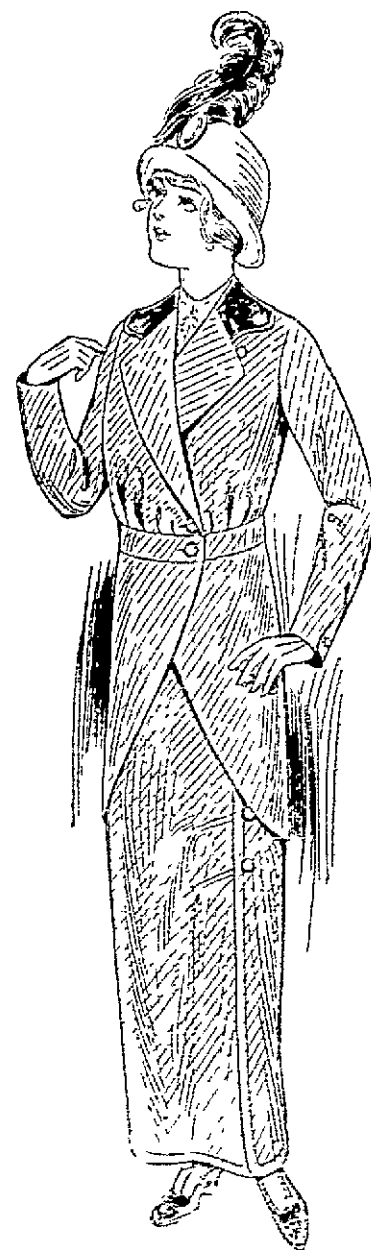
Course Tickets and Single Tickets will be sold at WALTER'S THEATRE each day of the Institute

G. W. Weaver & Son

G. W. Weaver & Son

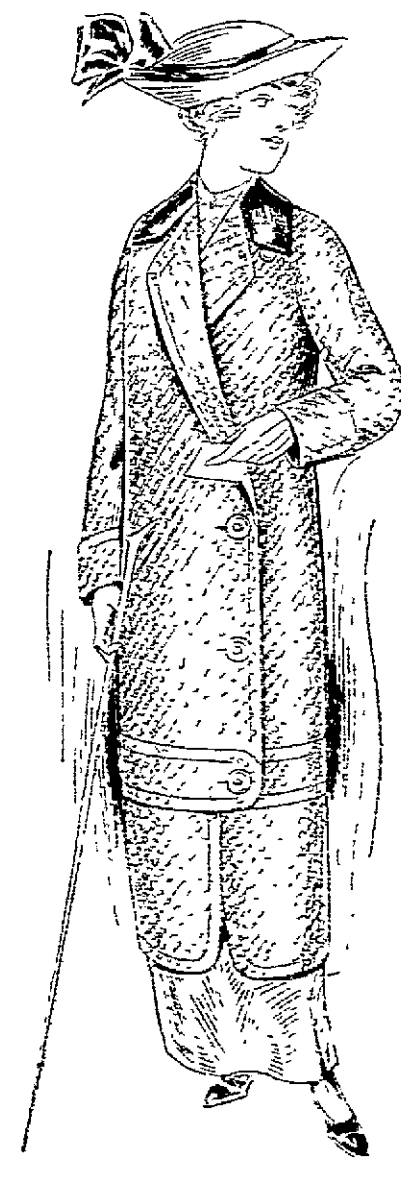
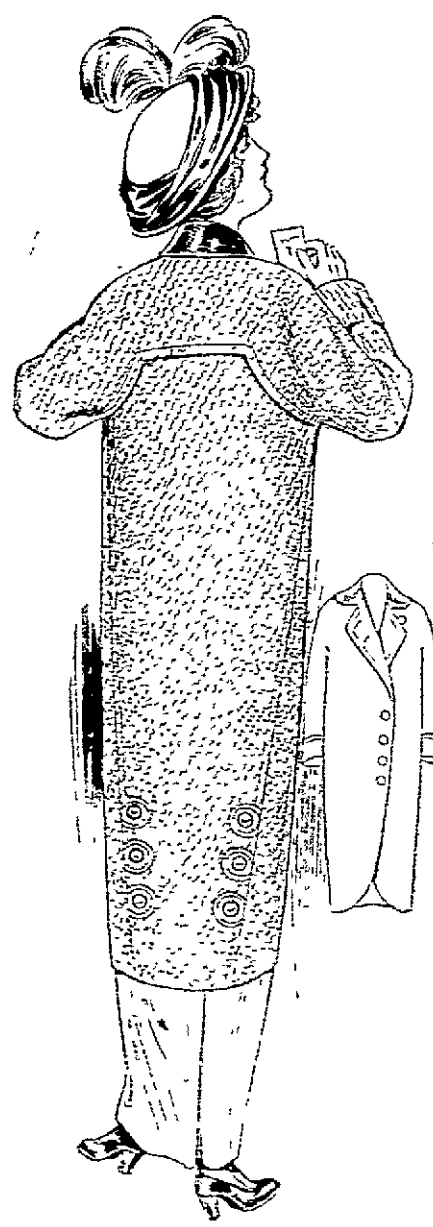
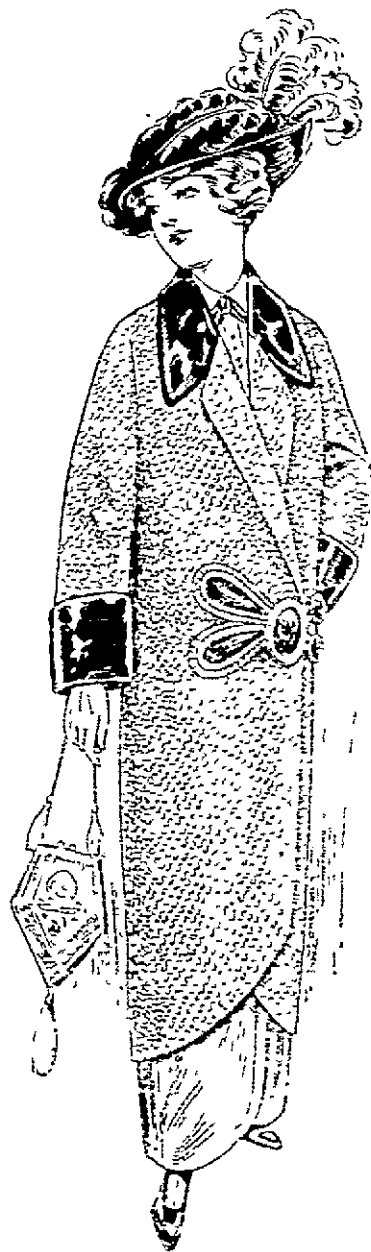
...The Leaders...

HERE is no place outside of a Metropolitan City that can show you more correctly fashioned garments than we can show you right now and here, and besides giving you the satisfaction of knowing that you are one of the leaders of fashion yourself if you wear one of our Suits or Coats. These cuts give an idea of only three Suits and three Coats, and are used mainly to attract attention to this Ad—We show more than seventy five styles of Suits and fully as many Coats.



SUITS at \$10.00, \$12.35, \$16.50 up to \$35.00

Every between price and every* Suit exceptional value---over thirty new ones just received.



COATS at \$5.00, \$7.00, \$10.00, \$12.00 to \$32.50

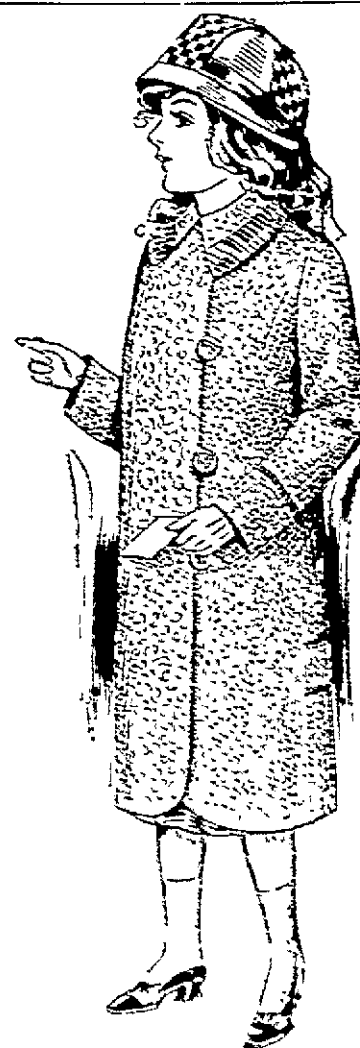
Correctly made--The choice is so great that you can decide what you want to pay and we will have the coat to suit and fit you.

CHILDRENS' and MISSES' COATS

IN our Childrens and Misses Coats we are as careful in selecting style as we are in the quality and satisfactory wear of the coats--\$2.50, 4.00, 5.00 to 10.00 & 15.00.

Now is the Time to Buy Small Furs and Order Fur Coats

As the days grow chillier, one is really not fully comfortable without a fur neck piece and one of this seasons large comfortable Muffs--Putting off this buying is risky for two reasons--Early purchases by us from first hands are always more carefully made and of better skins then when the season is in full swing and furs are in such demand that the furrier is compelled to use the skins that he discarded when filling his earlier orders--then too--Prices are lower now than they will be in December if stocks have to be replenished. If you have in mind the buying of a FUR COAT we will be pleased to have them come here subject to approval and with a selection and we will save you from \$5.00 to \$20.00 in its purchase--try us first.



G. W. Weaver & Son

Gettysburg, Pa.

Gettysburg Compiler

Gettysburg, Pa.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 29, 1913

WM. ARCH McCLEAN, Editor.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Director of Poor.
PETER P. EISENHART
of East Berlin.

Jury Commissioner.
HARRY WHITCOMB
of Huntington Township.

DEMOCRATIC BOROUGH TICKET

Burgess
JOHN H. RAYMOND.

Tax Collector
HARRY E. BUMBAUGH.

Auditors
PAUL A. MARTIN
M. A. MILLER
RALPH M. WEAVER

School Directors
MILTON R. REMMEL.
CHARLES S. SPEESE

ECONOMY DOPE.

The editorial last week in the "Star" economy would have been more opportune several years ago if addressed to a Republican Board of Poor Directors displaced by the people for the want of that virtue. The editorial was simply a campaign dodge at the last moment, a resort in very small way to an attempt to make votes for the Republican candidate.

Directors of the Poor elect their officers annually and the offices change from time to time without any personal reflection on the one going. At the beginning of this year the directors elected Dr. H. L. Diehl at a salary of \$200 for services and medicine in place of \$200 paid last year for services and \$275 for medicine. Here the "Star" gets excited over the loss the Republican headquarters drug store has sustained and that is to be expected. We have carefully investigated the results and the following are the facts beyond any contradiction: Dr. Diehl has made as many regular visits to the County Home as has ever been asked of any physician. On these visits he has personally seen every patient requiring attention and has never refused attention or medicine to any patient. He has been to the institution as many as six and seven times in two different weeks. Calls have been made upon him by phone and he has always responded. The steward states he has always willingly responded to every call and that there were two occasions when he was told that his presence was not required and directions were given as to treatment. Any assertion that the sick at the County Home were neglected by the physician, or not given medicine is denied as absolutely false. They have been carefully attended to and medicine administered as needed and the health of the institution has been maintained. That this is a fact is shown by the records of death. In 1912 there were 16 deaths and in 1913 there have been 8 so far.

Medicine has never been refused any inmate but dope has been refused one and from this source has come much discontented talking. This patient uses great quantities of laudanum, from a half to a pint weekly at a cost of from 60 to 80 cents weekly. Certainly the good thinking people of the county would not justify the county paying for dope for inmates. At any time the county might have to care for an unfortunate who has become a confirmed user of morphine, cocaine, alcohol or other drug and surely the habit should not be helped to be continued for years. In the case at hand when

an attempt was made to substitute something else for the dope to help break the habit there was trouble, complaining and talking and other ways were resorted to to procure dope. Out of this dope the "Star" has weaved a whole lot of disordered dope economy imaginings for the special benefit of J. Price Oyler.

The letter written to Dr. Hartman asking him to discontinue visits after the election of Dr. Diehl is most satisfactorily explained by the authorities without any reflection whatever on Dr. Hartman. After Dr. Hartman had made several visits at request of inmates, other patients asked that their home physician be sent for. The directors feared the practice would make an endless amount of confusion and trouble. The institution provides medical attention without any expense to inmates and if one physician was allowed to come all in the county would have to be allowed and if the practice was started there might come a day when demand for payment might be made. Every one must agree that the management of an institution would only make trouble for itself in any such course and that the only wise course was for the regular physician to treat all inmates.

An eminent educator has said "The greatest grafter is the citizen who claims and exercises the rights and privileges of citizenship, but will assume none of its obligation." The would-stay-at-home voter should look that proposition square in the face and then go to the polls.

PICAYUNENESS.

It is surprising the lengths the "Star" went last week to serve the candidates of that dead looking thing, the G. O. P., more willing to rely upon rumors than ascertain the truth about a feast at the marriage of the Steward's daughter. The feast was one of sandwiches, ice cream, fruit and three cakes and the father, the Steward, paid for the ice cream, the fruits and all other expenses of the marriage with the exception of the ingredients of the sandwiches and the three cakes, not worth over a dollar. Surely when the price of such small items are made the basis of a campaign the Republicans must be hard up for material for J. Price. Good citizens must be disgusted at such picayuneness.

Mr. Sheely, the Steward, and his family have been faithfully serving the county home. Only last week a state inspector declared it to be one of the best managed institutions in the State, and the steward deserves better treatment than reflections gathered from idle rumors. The way to answer such miserable campaign dodges is to vote for the Democratic candidate.

Remember that an X in the first column on the ballot opposite the word "Democratic" will vote the entire Democratic ticket in county, township or borough, but it will not vote the non-partisan ballot for Superior Court Judge. To vote for the Democratic candidate for Superior Court Judge, Webster Grim, it will be necessary to make a second X opposite his name. Remember to vote for Grim.

To the Voters of the Third Ward of Gettysburg Borough:

Having been nominated as Democratic candidates for the office of Town Council of the Borough of Gettysburg, we most respectfully submit to the voters the following policy and, if elected, to this policy only, we will strictly adhere and practice.

1st. We will not be led or controlled by any member or members of the Town Council, or by any other person or persons against the will of the people.

2nd. We are for the people, and we will at all times defend the right and oppose the wrong.

3rd. We will represent the people properly and work and vote for the best interests of the taxpayers.

4th. We will work and vote against any mismanagement, or any extravagant or useless expenditures of the people's money.

5th. For very good reasons we will work and vote to discontinue the curb market.

6th. We will work and vote for the benefit of the Gettysburg Fire Company, that all our citizens may have quicker service and better fire protection, with the best and latest improved fire fighting apparatus, at the least possible expense to the taxpayers.

7th. We will work and vote against any question that may be brought before the Town Council, for their consideration, or any effort that may be made to impose any injustice upon the citizens of the borough.

8th. We will work and vote against the appointment of any person to any borough position who we know has in the past, or who, we believe, will in the future, use the appointment or position to exact and collect any extra and exorbitant fees, to which they are not entitled.

On this policy only, we ask the voters, Third Ward, irrespective of party affiliations, for their consideration and support at the polls on Tuesday, November 4th.

Respectfully submitted,

O. G. BAUGHMAN.

ALTHEODORE BUSHMAN.

The Democratic borough and ward tickets are excellent throughout. Every citizen of the town has a say as to burgess, tax collector, school directors and auditors. A vote in the first column votes a straight ticket to the end.

EVERY voter who recently declared to the assessor that he was a Democrat should make good with a vote for his party, and then go after the undeclared voter.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

President Wilson last Thursday issued his first proclamation as President of the United States, as follows:

"The season is at hand in which it has been our long respected custom as a people to turn in praise and thanksgiving to Almighty God for His manifold mercies and blessings to us as a nation. The year that has just passed has been marked in a peculiar degree by manifestations of His gracious and beneficent providence. We have not only had peace throughout our own borders and with the nations of the world, but that peace has been brightened by constantly multiplying evidence of genuine friendship, of mutual sympathy and understanding and of the happy operation of many elevating influences both ideal and of practice.

"The nation has been not only prosperous, but has proved its capacity to take calm council amid the rapid movement of affairs and deal with its own life in a spirit of candor, righteousness and comity. We have seen the practical completion of a great work at the isthmus of Panama which not only exemplifies the nation's abundant resources to accomplish what it will and the distinguished skill and capacity of its public servants, but also promises the beginning of a new age of new contrasts, new neighborhoods, new sympathies, new bonds and new achievements of co-operation and peace.

"Righteousness exalteth the nation" and "Peace on earth, good will toward men" furnish the only foundations upon which can be built the lasting achievements of the human spirit. The year has brought us the satisfaction of work well done and fresh visions of our duty which will make the work of the future better still.

"Now, therefore, I Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Thursday, the 27th of November next as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, and invite the people throughout the land to cease from their wonted occupations and in their several homes and places of worship render thanks to Almighty God.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington, this twenty-third day of October, in the year of our Lord 1913, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and thirty-eighth.

(Signed) WOODROW WILSON.

By the President.

W. J. BRYAN, Secretary of State."

ARENDSVILLE.

James O. Hoffman has improved his home by putting down cement walks.

On Monday the 19th inst. we had a severe wind and hail storm that was very disastrous to the apples that were not picked.

There will be no preaching services in the Reformed Church in this place next Sunday, the pastor, Rev. T. C. Hesson, and his delegate, Enory E. Sheely, will be away at the Synod that is in session at Frederick, Md., Sunday School at 9 a. m.

Ira E. Lady, who is teaching at West Chester, spent Saturday and Sunday in the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram C. Lady.

G. T. Heckenluber and Harry W. Hartzell attended the annual session of the G. A. R. held at Carlisle last week.

T. C. Donley and wife of Shippensburg, were the recent guests in the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Boyer in this place.

Mrs. T. R. Cover of Chicago is a visitor in the home of her sister, Mrs. C. S. Rice.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

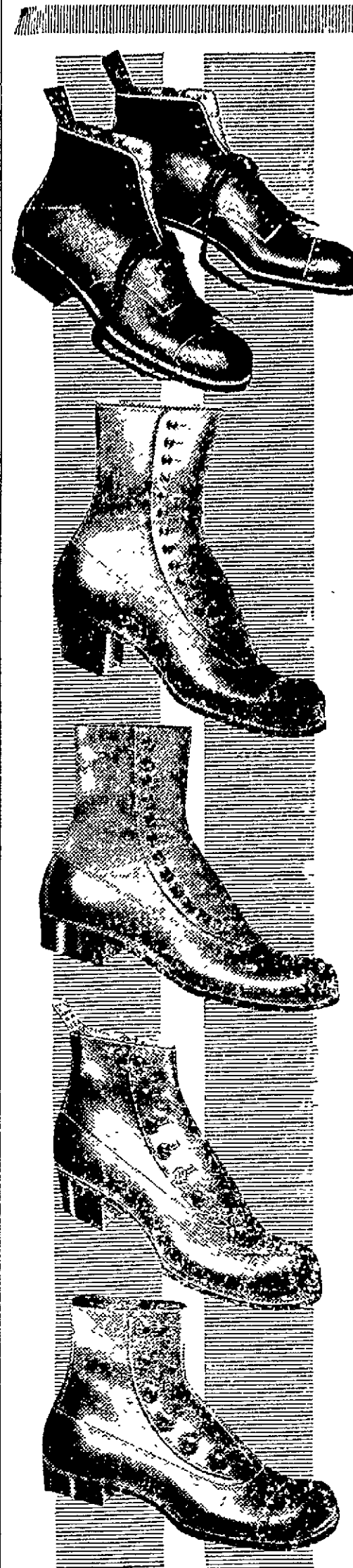
Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Ellen Wentz, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams County, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

WM. McSHERRY, Atty. EDWARD F. WENTZ, MARTIN D. WENTZ, Executors.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Edward A. Baker late of Mt. Joy Township, Adams County, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

ALBERTA BAKER, Executrix.



Selz Shoes

make lasting friends

There's a lot of pleasure in selling Selz Shoes. Most people are easy to fit with them and they are generally as well pleased over their purchase as we were in selling. Another good point about Selz Shoes is, they generally make good lasting friends. So much more pleasant to see a customer come back and order the same kind of shoes they had last season. Selz customers do this. That's why they are making the famous Selz Waukenphast that has been a Selz standard for many years. People just can't get tired of them. They're not that kind. Ever see a pair? Let us show them to you. That's a pleasure too. We like to see skeptical people come to our store. They are easily convinced. The Selz Guarantee is a "question settler." Come in and read it.

RAYMOND & MYERS

"Selz Royal Blue" Store

HUNTERS -- PLEASE -- NOTICE

We carry in stock mostly all makes of Shot Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Hunting Knives, Axes and all other kinds of hunting supplies including all kinds of cartridges for Deer Hunting and other purposes.---We also have a large stock of mostly all kinds of shot shells. Our stock of Hunting Clothing is unsurpassed.

Horse and Automobile Owners Please Notice.

We now have on display our new and fresh line of High Grade Automobile Robes, Horse and Stable Blankets.

Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases.

We have over fifty styles of Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases to select from. All kinds repaired at short notice.

Galvanized Roofing.

Just received another car of High Grade Galvanized Roofing made by one of the best mills.

A visit and your patronage respectfully solicited.

Adams County Hardware Company

A DESIRABLE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22nd., 1913, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Edwin J. Criswell, deceased, will offer at public sale by virtue of an Order issued out of the Orphan's Court of Adams County, THE REAL ESTATE OF SAID DECEASED, situate in Reading Township Adams County Penna., on the Public Highway leading from East Berlin Borough to York Springs Borough, 3 miles from the former and 2 miles from the latter place, containing 6 Acres and 8 perches improved with a two-story stone, slate roof dwelling, with a two-story frame metal roof addition with a one-story frame summer kitchen attached, frame wash and butcher house near by frame and log weather boarded barn, with wagon shed, granary and corn crib pitched, hog stable, hen house and other necessary buildings, about 7 Acres of exceptionally heavy white oak timber connected and included with the farm.

The soil is favorable to the growth of fruit trees of which there are a variety on the premises. Altogether, there is a well of water near the house, has never failed in the driest seasons, from which water is furnished into the barnyard, a cistern with good pump is at the kitchen door.

This is a nice clean farm and the fertile soil is in a good state of cultivation and under good fence. It is conveniently located, a creamery adjoins the premises and Rural Free Delivery Route No. 3 from York Springs passes along the place.

Sale on Saturday November 22nd, at 1.30 p. m. on the premises. Terms at sale by J. H. HORCHST, Adm.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of NOV., 1913, The undersigned, having been appointed Trustee in a proceeding of partition by the Orphan's Court of Adams County to sell the real estate of Henry Herring, late of Hamilton township, deceased, will sell at public outcry, the following described timber land, lying and being in the township of Hamilton, to wit:

Tract No. 1. Adjoining lands of Henry Peters, Carlbaugh, Taylor and Shindler, containing about Twenty-Three Acres.

Tract No. 2. One third interest, adjoining lands of Michael Herring, Samuel Kentel, Wm. Herring and D. Shelly, containing about Twenty-six Acres more or less.

Sale to begin at 2 o'clock on Tract No. 1. For particulars inquire of the undersigned.

JACOB G. SLOANER, Trustee.

PUBLIC SALE

ON SATURDAY, NOV. 22nd., 1913, The undersigned, Executor of the estate of Edward A. Baker, late of Mount Pleasant township, will offer at Public Sale, the farm situated in Mount Pleasant township, along the Low Dutch Road, near the Gettysburg & Hanover road, adjoining lands of H. J. Breveringer, John McVicker and others, containing 61 Acres and 12 Perches, more or less, about 6 Acres of timber, improved with a 2-story weatherboarded house, bank barn wagon shed and all necessary out-buildings. All kinds of fruit, water at house and barn, land in good state of cultivation. Sale to begin at 1 p. m. Conditions on day of sale.

ALFVETA BAKER, John Zimmerman, Adm., Executors.

The "EASY" MOTOR WASHER

The "EASY" HAND WASHER And The "EASY" WRINGER

Insure clean clothes without drudgery Send a postal card for a reliable information to

DAVID KNOUSE, ARENDSTVILLE, PENNA.

POSTPONED CLOSING-OUT SALE

LUMBER, CORD WOOD & WOOD LOTS

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 5, 1913

On the premises of J. O. M. HOCK, in Oxford township, about 2 miles north of New Oxford, on the Carlisle Pike, will be sold at public sale 175 Cords of Oak and Hickory Wood 15 Acres of Tree Tops and Uncut Wood in lots to suit purchasers. Free interest and excess guaranteed by J. O. M. Hock. A credit of three months will be given. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m. Wednesday, NOV. 5, 1913, when terms and conditions will be made known by

A. M. KALBACH, READ THE COMPILER

How to Vote the Ballot.

TWO MARKS NECESSARY.

DEMOCRATIC.	X
WASHINGTON.	
REPUBLICAN.	
SOCIALIST.	

Judge of the Superior Court	
Vote for One.	
James Alcorn.....	
Webster Grim.....	X
John J. Henderson	
John W. Kephart.....	

Under the minority provision of the constitution, constituting the Superior Court, when two or more were to be elected at one time, it was certain that one of the judges elected would be a Democrat. Under the new primary law the candidates for judge are voted for on a non-partisan ballot, and while the voter can only vote for one, thus insuring minority representation, it is no longer a minority of parties but a majority of votes. That is to say, no voter or set of voters can vote for both of the successful candidates, and the voters have it in their power to select two Republicans.

Judge Henderson is a present member of the court and an Organization Republican. Mr. Alcorn was for many years upon the public payroll in Philadelphia as an assistant City Solicitor

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Acts directly and peculiarly on the blood; purifies, enriches and revitalizes it, and in this way builds up the whole system. Take it. Get it today.

Usual liquid form or in chocolate coated tablets called Sarsatabs.

We publish at the top of this article a sample heading, showing where this extra mark must be made, and we urge all members of the standing committees particularly to make this fact known.

We have presented to us a splendid opportunity to poll a large vote, which will be an encouragement for the opening of the great contest next year.

Professional Cards

J. Donald Swope
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Office Crawford Building, Balto. St.

Chas. B. Stouffer, D.D.S.
DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Office Second Floor of Star and Sentinel Building, Balto. St.

John D. Keith
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Office First National Bank Building, Corner Square.

S. S. Neely
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Office in Star and Sentinel Building, 2nd floor, Balto. St., over Cash Store.

Charles E. Stahl
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square. All legal business entrusted to him will receive prompt and careful attention.

Wm. McSherry, Jr.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office at Balto. St., opposite the Court House.

Donald P. McPherson
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Office second floor of Star and Sentinel Building, Baltimore street. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him.

Wm. McClean **Wm. Arch. McClean**
Late Pres. Judge. ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Law offices in Compher Building, Balto. St., a few doors above Court House on opposite side of street.

J. L. Williams
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

Wm. Hersch
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court House.

J. L. Butt
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

WILSON'S REMEDY
EFFICIENT IN
BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA,
CATARRH, GRIPPE, STUBBORN COUGHS, ETC.

From a Minister in New York: "I was severely ill with lung trouble. My attention was directed to the Wilson's Remedy which I used with splendid effect."

From a lady in Michigan: "I used your medicine first 43 or 44 years ago and it saved me from ending my days in a hospital. There would be no use of so many people dying with consumption if they could be persuaded to try Wilson's Remedy."

If you are suffering from ANY lung or throat trouble it is your duty to investigate. Send for free full information to
Wilson's Remedy, Westwood, N. J.

Constipation
"For many years I was troubled, in spite of all so-called remedies I used. At last I found quick relief and cure in those mild, yet thorough and really wonderful

DR. KING'S
New Life Pills
Adolph Schingel, Buffalo, N. Y.
25 CENTS PER BOTTLE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Western Maryland Ry.

Trains leave Gettysburg as follows:
8.05 a. m., daily except Sunday for Baltimore, Hanover, and York and all intermediate points.

10.35 a. m., daily for Fairfield, Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Elkins and all points westward.

12.25 p. m., daily except Sunday for Hanover, York and intermediate points.

5.50 p. m., daily for Baltimore, Hanover, York and all intermediate points.

6.58 p. m., daily except Sunday, for B. & H. Div. points to Highfield also Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Shippensburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburg and all points west.

7.00 p. m., Sundays only for New Oxford, Hanover, York, Baltimore and intermediate points.

A. R. MERRICK. C. F. STEWART,
Gen. Supt. G. P. A.

H. B. Bender,

UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER.
Gives first class service. All calls promptly answered either day or night.

TELEPHONE
HOUSE NO. 1902 STORE NO. 91

GETTYSBURG MARBLE

& GRANITE WORKS
NORTH OF READING FREIGHT DEPOT.

We can furnish anything desirable in the Monumental line. Monuments, Headstones, Markers, Posts, etc., in Granite and Marble of the best material finely finished and at reasonable prices. It will be to the advantage of those contemplating the erection of a memorial to departed friends, to call and examine our stock, workmanship and prices before placing an order.

L. H. MEALS, Prop.
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

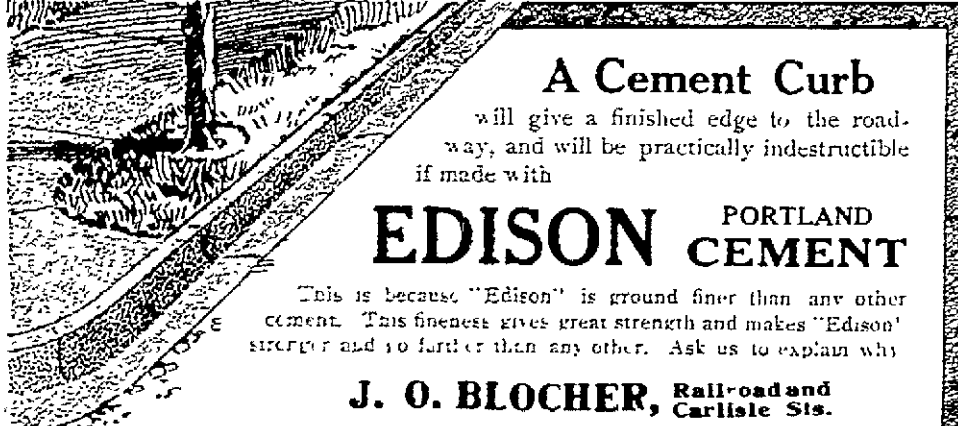
FOR SALE OR FOR RENT

First Class 25 bbl. Roller Flour and Feed Mill, known as "FAIRVIEW ROLLER MILLS" opposite Waldheim on Conowingo, near New Oxford, Adams Co., concrete dam, good water power. Mill is equipped with latest improved Wolf Roller System, two turbine wheels, in first class repair, and with an established trade. Also an attractive brick dwelling, new roof, newly painted and in exceptional good condition. About 21 acres of land, of which about 12 to 15 acres are in the highest state of cultivation, suitable for trucking and gardening, is now occupied and operated by Harry Arndt, possession given Nov. 1st, 1913. For terms or any other information apply to F. W. WEBER, 314 Walnut St., Pottsville, Penn'a.

Are You Getting Ready to Build?

If so let us supply the building materials—Lumber, Roofing, Slate, Terra Cotta Tiling, Patent Ash, Plaster—Dealer also in COAL, WOOD and PREPARED COKE.

CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING ATTRACTIVE CEMENT SUGGESTIONS



A Cement Curb
will give a finished edge to the roadway, and will be practically indestructible if made with

EDISON PORTLAND CEMENT

This is because "Edison" is ground finer than any other cement. This fineness gives great strength and makes "Edison" stronger and so faster than any other. Ask us to explain why.

J. O. BLOCHER, Rail-road and Carlisle Sts.



Makes Your Baby Comfortable

Watch baby grow after a dose of
DR. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP
You want no better recommendation. Other mothers tell the same tale. Have it handy if you want to prevent Cholera Infantum and cure all infant complaints. Best for bowel troubles. Can be given to babies one day old. Costs 25 cents. All druggists sell it. Trial bottle free if you mention this paper.
Made only by DR. D. FAHRNEY & SON, Hagerstown, Md.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Sarah E. Spooner, late of Cumberland Township, Adams County, died, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

RILEY S. HARNISH, Administrator.
J. L. Williams, Atty. n764 Gettysburg, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE

OF DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE.
ON FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25th 1913, the undersigned Administrator of the estate of Sarah E. Spooner, late of Cumberland Township, Adams County, died, will sell by virtue of an order of sale made by the Orphans Court of Adams County, will expose to public sale on the premises the following real estate:
A tract of land situate in Cumberland township, Adams County, adjoining lands of David Mehring, Robt. Withrow, Mr. Barr and Geo. Fissel, containing 18 acres, more or less, about 36 acres of which is clear land and the remainder covered with young timber. A two story weather-boarded dwelling, barn, new pen, chicken house, a number of fruit trees, a fine never-failing spring of water and running water near the buildings.
Sale to commence at 1 P. M. and the terms will be 25 per cent. on day of sale, balance April 1st, 1914.

RILEY S. HARNISH, Administrator.

AS YOU FEAR CANCER

TUMOR GROWTH BUNCHES

you will be glad to know of the successful non-surgical system of treatment. No knife, x-ray, radium or serum.

"I am a clergyman and G. A. R. veteran. I thank God that I went 800 miles to the Binghamton Cancerium and Sanitarium. I had 3 cancers on cheek and lip, one of 15 years duration. Other cancer doctors failed. My face is well. Scars hardly noticeable. A wonderful cure without knife or loss of blood under Dr. S. Andral Kilmer's De-Cancerizing system. My age was 67. I saw ladies being treated for cancers as large as saucers, who went away rejoicing. Send for Dr. S. Andral Kilmer's Red Book and see my picture and report. Gratitude and a desire to be of benefit to sufferers, impel me to state this for the public good."

Rev. D. MORRISON, Danville, Illinois.

Come now for treatment, or write to Binghamton Cancerium and Sanitarium, Binghamton, N. Y.
Telephone 1001-J

Send for Free Red Book full of proofs and approvals. 25 pages 35 illustrations and clinical reports of marvelous recoveries from epithelioma, sarcoma, carcinoma or cancer.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

The Directors of the Mummastown Mutual Fire Protection Society have ordered an assessment of three per cent. on the amount of the premium notes to pay fire losses and also an assessment of one-half per cent. on the amount of the premium notes to pay storm losses, payable on or before the 15th day of November, 1913. Particular attention is called to the 17th Section of the By-Laws, viz.: Whenever an assessment has been made on the premium notes and not paid within thirty days after the same shall have been demanded, the policy shall be considered null and void and of no validity, but the directors may retain the premium note and collect thereon such sum and should it become necessary to enforce the payment of the amount assessed by suit at law, the recovery of said cost to form part of the claim due by the delinquent member of the society.

J. F. PARTMAN, Secretary.

Fruit Trees For Sale.

Buy your fruit trees at home. You save agents' commissions. They are better because fresher. Fruit experts always advise to buy close to home. The Adams County Nursery has the finest lot of fruit trees to offer. Address H. G. Baugher, Prop. Adams Co. Nursery, Aspers, Pa.

Advertisement

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Western Maryland Lines

TRY THE

SHORT ROUTE

TO PITTSBURGH AND CHICAGO

Leave Gettysburg at 10.35 A. M., connecting with Chicago Limited at Highfield. Arrive Pittsburgh 7.30 P. M., and Chicago 7.59 A. M. next day. Modern train of through sleepers, observation and club cars and coaches attached.

-Trees for Sale-

I have 9000 Peach and 2000 Apple Trees ready for planting, that I will sell at reasonable prices, in small or large lots.

-G. E. Spangler-

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given by William L. Meigs an applicant for admission to the Bar of the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania and a registered student at law in the office of John D. Keith, Esq., of the Adams County Bar, that he will on or before Tuesday, the 1st day of November, 1913, file credentials with, and make application to, the State Board of Law Examiners to be examined by said Board on the 2nd and 3rd days of December, 1913, for admission to the Bar of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

HAMMERS COURIER

Just received new lot o Men's York Champion Shoes, also k p. calf, and deer-skin Shoes for the farmers wives, water proof; 1000 yards fancy patterns of glugsams at 5 cents per yard; 25 cent cans of Best Baking Powder on Earth at 12 cents; all 25 cent packs of "Jack y Animal Powders" we sell at 12 cents; 2 barrels of new oatmeal at 31-2 cents per lb., four barrels sold since July 1st. Farmers are getting down on the package system, also the trading stamp business, all must come out of the farmers pocket: fodder twice 9 cents per lb.; Smokeless powder shells 50 cents per box; 600 yds. of heavy and light weight outing and storm flannels.

S. S. W. HAMMERS.

PUBLIC SALE

ON FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25ST, 1913, The undersigned will have public sale at his residence in Cumberland township, one-half mile from Gettysburg, along the Fairfield road, the following personal property: Three pairs of MILLS coming 2 years old, well mated and will make fine mules, 1 bay mare 5 years old will work wherever hitched and fearless of all objects, any woman can drive her also good leader; 1 bay mare coming 3 years old; 3 head of milk cows, all fall or winter cows, some fresh to day of sale. Sale to begin promptly at 10 o'clock. A credit of 11 months will be given on notes with approved security; 4 per cent off for cash.

DANIEL CROUSE,
J. M. Caldwell, and
P. A. Miller, Clerk.

SEEING WAR

A Man Encounters Enough
of It Without Smelling
Powder

By HARRY VAN AMBERG

When the Franco-Prussian war broke out I was twenty-five years of age and a globe trotter. Within me flamed up a desire to see war, actual war, men standing up to kill each other professedly—not that any one man had a grudge against any other one man in the enemy's ranks, but because he was a soldier, whose business it was to kill and be killed. As to the war in question, it was undertaken by a man who had usurped the government of the French people. They were preparing to get rid of him, and he proposed to direct their attention elsewhere on much the same principle that one would put an end to a family disagreement by setting fire to the house.

At that time, young as I was, I took no thought as to the cause of the war. I was interested only in seeing the fight. I was in St. Petersburg at the time, and so eager was I that I took the train for Berlin in order not to lose any part of it. Fearing that if I asked permission to go to the front it would be denied me, I went without permission. All I had in the way of vouchers was my passport, certifying that I was an American citizen.

When I reached the border line between France and Germany the Prussians had advanced beyond it. I hurried on in their wake, fearing the war would be over before I could have an opportunity to see any of it. When I reached the columns I was chasing I found that they had halted in their march and gone into camp. I was surprised to learn that they didn't know whether they were to remain there one hour or a century. On reaching their outposts I requested to be taken to their commanding officer, and they obliged me. I was conducted to the tent of Colonel Lauterjung, who looked at me very sternly.

I handed him my passport and told him in the German language, which I spoke indifferently, that I was an American citizen and had come to his camp in order to see the war. He glanced at the passport and asked me if I had received a permit from the war office at Berlin to come within his lines. When I admitted that I had not he turned to an officer standing near and ordered him to expel me from the lines in the direction from which I had come and see that I didn't get back again.

Seeing that protest would be useless, I followed the officer out of the tent, but we had not gone far before we were halted by the colonel's orderly and recalled. The colonel told me that he had reconsidered his action and had decided to send me to the headquarters of the corps d'armee, where I would have an opportunity to state my case.

The officer who conducted me on arrival at the general's tent sent in a communication from Colonel Lauterjung, and presently I was admitted to the tent. General Kritzmaacher looked at me with more interest than I had reason to expect from him. He asked me a number of questions—where I had lately been, from what direction I had approached the army, my object in coming. I told him that I had come straight from St. Petersburg through Berlin and desired to see the war, especially a battle. I asked him if he would move forward soon, for if not I thought I would go on, fearing the war would be over and I not having seen it. His brows contracted at this. Then he explained that even corps commanders did not ask such questions of the general in chief. He said also that he would be pleased to have me attach myself to his command, but it would be impossible for me to go from one part of the German army to another. He said this in so firm a tone that I saw at once that where I was I would remain till it suited his purpose to let me go elsewhere. He sent for one of his aids, Major Guenther, and told him in my presence to show me such attention as would be permitted by the rules of the service. Then he dismissed us both.

Major Guenther, I judged, was the member of the staff one of whose duties was to take care of persons not belonging to the military service with whom the army came in contact. He provided me with a tent and food, and I could see plainly that he was keeping an eye on me. The headquarters were surrounded with a guard of honor, and on attempting to pass beyond it I was stopped by a sentinel. I asked the major if he would pass me out so that I could visit the camps, and he said that citizens were not permitted to roam at large, but he would be happy to ride about with me himself and show me all there was to be seen.

After luncheon, which we took together, I was provided with a horse, and Major Guenther kept his promise. Indeed, there was no part of General Kritzmaacher's army that I did not see, and my conductor afforded me every information as to the number of men it contained, the divisions of infantry, artillery and cavalry, the weight of

the field guns—in short, any and every thing that goes to make up a fighting force.

I took my dinner with Major Guenther and turned in early since my taste to see war had led me to travel day and night and I was very sleepy. I slept on an army cot and lost myself as soon as I lay down. Nevertheless I awakened in about an hour oppressed by a feeling of apprehension. It seemed to me that there must be some reason for my being treated with so much attention, and, though I could not explain why, I dreaded lest it meant something malevolent.

While I was thinking about it I saw the tent flap shoved noisily aside and in the lighter aperture a crouching figure. Being curious to know what would happen, I breathed like a sleeper. A hand was thrust into the tent, which grasped my clothing, including boots and hat, and took them away.

What did it mean? Something must be wrong. I had been watched. Now some one had removed my clothing, doubtless for a purpose. Why I could not divine. I lay perfectly still and presently saw the tent flaps parted again and heard some one replace my belongings. I was curious to know if they showed any signs of what had been done with them, but thought it better to wait till morning. I did not care to have it appear that I was awake and cognizant of the incident.

When day came I looked through my clothes, but nothing was missing. Nothing had been added. They were just as when I had taken them off the night before. I was more puzzled than ever.

During this day I could not detect that I was watched as the day before. I was not treated with more cordiality, but more indifference. Either there was a change of feeling to ward me or no time to attend to me. But I had met with a surprise during the night, not to say a shock, that I did not recover from. I passed the day in fear lest something should happen to me. I had come to see men in fure each other and now dreaded lest they injure me. And the worst of it was that such injury was being wrought out in secret.

My fears were somewhat allayed during the day by the officer who was responsible for me giving me an invitation from his general to dine with him in the evening with a party of friends from Berlin. I replied that I had no evening dress with me, but was informed that under the circumstances this would be excusable. The dinner took place in the open air by the light of Chinese lanterns. The guests consisted of both men and women. I had drunk enough wine to make me feel comfortable and banish my fears when a lady sitting next to me, screened by the table, put a crumpled piece of paper in my hand. I dared not look at it, so I put it in my pocket till the dinner was ended. On parting with the other guests I did not bid them goodby, for they were not to return to Berlin till the next afternoon. As soon as I was alone I examined the paper. It read:

"We are both in danger, both being in the same service. I shall not be permitted to depart, and tomorrow the information of the German forces I give below will be found on me. I can destroy the papers, but prefer to turn them over to you, hoping that you may succeed in getting away with them or transferring them to another."

Here at last was an explanation of my singular treatment, an explanation that filled me with apprehension. And when I thought that I might be arrested with this paper on me I felt the marrow in my bones congeal. How should I get rid of it? If I tore it into bits and threw them away they might be collected and put together. The only safe way was to burn them—that is, if I could do so without being seen. I finally hit on an expedient. I had a pipe with me and while putting tobacco in it for a smoke contrived to put the paper in also. Then, lighting the contents, I smoked vigorously. The paper stopped the draft, and I was obliged to relight several times. Finally there was nothing left of the paper but ashes.

After the departure of the guests from Berlin the general sent for me and received me with a manner entirely changed.

"I have to offer you an apology," he said, "for a suspicion that has attached to you since you came into our camp. We had information that a spy answering your description was seeking admission to our camps. That is the reason you were sent to me instead of being expelled from our lines. We have been watching you while giving you every facility to gather information which we did not intend you should take away. The lady who gave you a slip of paper last evening did so at my request since we desired evidence against you."

"However, the traps we have laid for you came to a halt this morning by the arrest of the spy we were after. He might have been your twin brother, he is so like you. Permit me to congratulate you on a very narrow escape."

"Thank you."

"He is to be shot this afternoon. Would you like to see the execution?" I declined the honor and asked the general's permission to depart at once. On getting out of the German lines I made a bee line for home. I had seen very little of war, and what I had seen concerned myself and not others. It is a far different matter seeing others killed from being killed oneself. When I reached home I was asked repeatedly:

"How does it seem to see a man killed?"

"I don't know," I replied, "and I don't wish to know. I narrowly escaped death, and that not in the excitement of battle, but standing before a file of riflemen or by a rope."

NO FOUNDATION FOR OBJECTIONS

Reasons Given by Some Persons for Opposing the Bonds Are Clearly Insufficient

Curiously enough, a long proportion of the objections raised by those who are opposing the constitutional amendment providing the money to build roads, are based on fears of the possibilities of "graft." While this phase of the road subject has not the remotest connection with or relation to the constitutional amendment, it is so frequently brought into the discussion that it is proper to consider it.

It can be readily seen by any intelligent person that the carrying of the constitutional amendment or otherwise can make no difference in the honesty or dishonesty of men. Under the law, unless it should be repealed in 1915, the roads must be built, and the State of Pennsylvania must build them. Whether the money be raised by the issue of bonds, or whether the Legislature will find itself obliged to levy a direct tax on real estate or other property to get the money, as was just done in Ohio after the defeat of a similar amendment, the same question will be raised by the same unthinking people.

The question is really one of administration and not one of finance, but it should not be evaded in fairness to the situation as a whole.

At a recent good roads meeting at Gettysburg the question was asked, "Why did the State aid road leading into this borough cost \$4,000 a mile more than the government built roads of the same width and type on the Gettysburg battlefield, and why is the State aid road nearly worn out while the national roads are in good condition?"

The answer is very simple. Because, first; most of the roads on the battlefield were constructed with but slight excavations and fills; the State aid road, on the contrary required much grading, involving in one place a heavy cut, and for a stretch of nearly a mile, across low ground, the roadbed was raised three or four feet, necessitating the moving of a vast amount of earth and stone.

Second: the State road was in all respects heavier and better built than the battlefield roads. Owing to the contour of the land surface, it took a much greater amount of labor to secure a good foundation, and the road was built to stand heavier traffic than were the parkways through the battlefield. If the same amount of traffic considering both number and weight of vehicles and loads, width of tires, and speed of travel, had passed over the parkways as has been carried by the State aid highway, they would in all probability have been cut to pieces in six months.

While the battlefield roads have been in use a number of years they have been kept in a constant state of the very best repair by government employes, and have never been permitted to become worn or rutted, speed is restricted to a very slow pace; and heavy loads are kept off. Little wonder that under such circumstances the roads should remain in good condition.

On the other hand, the so-called State road was built under the State aid law, The State paying three-quarters, and the township and county each one-eighth of the cost, and the road was turned over to the township to maintain.

It is claimed that since the road was built not a single dollar has been spent on it for maintenance. The macadam is now worn down to the lower course and it needs resurfacing, but, except for the actual wear, caused by the heavy horse-drawn and motor-driven vehicles, and the high speed of some of the latter, it is still a good road, and is a credit both to the department which designed it and the contractor who built it. With all the wear and stress to which it has been subjected, and without a dollar's worth of repair or maintenance in the five years of its existence, the whole stretch of road is hard and fairly smooth. There is not a raveled spot in it, a square yard in extent; and whatever damage the road has suffered is due to absolute neglect.

Possibly many other similar cases throughout the State may be found. Macadam roads require maintenance or they will deteriorate as will anything else that is subject to wear.

If the township having the road in charge had covered it with hot bituminous material and a thin coating of sand three or four years ago, and renewed that treatment once in two or three years at slight expense the road would not now need resurfacing, and the top layer of stone would not have been so completely worn away, extensive or expensive repairs would not have been needed for many years, and the road would have continued in good condition. As it is now, it must be resurfaced to protect the base from destruction.

Under the new law, with money provided for road improvement, and with repairs in the hands of the State, such a condition cannot exist.

With the constitutional amendment carried, and bonds issued to provide the funds, so that the appropriations could not be reduced or diverted to other uses the State could readily keep the roads in good condition by giving them attention when needed.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NOT A DOLLAR IS AVAILABLE

So Says the Chief Engineer of the Highway Department

CONTRARY REPORTS FALSE

Nothing Available for Maintenance of State Highways—Every Cent of Legislative Appropriation Specifically Made for Other Purposes.

The statement has been made by some enemies of the Good Roads movement that the stopping of work on the State highways is not due to a lack of funds, but because the Highway Department wants to force people to vote for the loan. The falsity of this is clearly shown by the statement furnished to the chairman of the State Good Roads Committee by the Highway Department, which conclusively shows that there is not one dollar available for the maintenance of State roads for the balance of this year. The statement of the Department which is beyond contradiction is as follows:

State Highway Department, Harrisburg, October 6, 1913. Mr. J. H. Weeks, Chairman, State Good Roads Committee, Philadelphia, Pa.

Dear Sir:—In compliance with your request, I enclose herewith a statement of the various appropriations due this Department and the specific purposes for which they are available. It plainly shows that no money is available at this time for the maintenance and repair of State Highways.

Very truly yours,
S. D. POSTER,
Chief Engineer.

The following are the specific appropriations:

State Highway Fund—\$638,016.68—Records in the Auditor General's office will show that this amount is entirely wiped out by contracts at present in force.

State-aid Maintenance Fund—\$494,257.97—is appropriated for the maintenance of State-aid roads and the Auditor General, in an opinion to this Department, stated that this appropriation must be spent in the repair of State-aid highways, not forming a part of "State Highway routes."

Salary and Expense, Departmental—\$309,970—is appropriated for the payment of the salaries and expenses of the employees of the Highway Department.

Maintenance Fund—\$370,382—is appropriated for maintenance against which are unpaid bills for material and equipment, unpaid pay-rolls, and requisitions which have not been vouchered to the extent of about \$225,000. \$96,133.32 for the payment of maintenance salary and expense is available only for the payment of salaries and expenses of the employees of the Maintenance Division.

State-aid Highway Fund—\$1,349,064—is specifically for and is rateably apportioned among the several counties of the Commonwealth according to the mileage of the township and county roads in the respective counties, and is available only when applied for by the aforesaid townships and counties, none of which is available for repairs or maintenance.

National Road Fund—\$56,684.96—is entirely wiped out by contracts on file in the Auditor General's office. Traveling Expense Fund—\$110,236.12; Experiments and Tests Fund—\$45,597.30; Contingent Fund, \$59,879.84; Expense Fund, Automobile Division, \$145,554.59, and Departmental salaries for map work, county surveys and estimates, \$303,374.98—are all appropriations made for specific purposes and are not available for road construction or maintenance, and the Auditor General would not honor a voucher drawn on any of them for such purpose.

ADMINISTRATION OF HIGHWAY FUND IN PEOPLE'S HANDS

The State Grange officials who oppose the state loan for good roads for the present administration fear that a new administration will not properly handle the Highway Department. For years the Grange has been a strong advocate for the initiative, referendum and recall as the great cure for all political evils. In as much as the people next year elect a new Governor who appoints a new Highway Department, also a new House of Representatives and half the Senate, the State Grange officials must explain why they think the voters of the State are incompetent to do this. If they are not competent now when does the Grange think they will be competent to exercise the initiative, referendum and recall?

CREASY ADVOCATED STATE ROADS PLAN IN 1903

William T. Creasy in 1903, in the House of Representatives, favored a system of roads connecting every county seat in the State and said it could be built for fifty million dollars. Today he opposes the loan and the very roads he asked for ten years ago. Why? Somebody wants to be Governor and is farming the farmer to do it.

Get Rid of Torment of Rheumatism

That you can do by ridding yourself of the cause. Weak and inactive kidneys allow uric acid poisons to remain in the blood and rheumatic pains, swollen and aching joints follow. Take Foley Kidney Pills to ease you of the pain and torment. They will positively and permanently build up the kidneys, restore their normal action and keep the uric acid crystals out of the blood. Try them, for sale by the Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

MARY HAFER, young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. K. Hafer of Abbotstown, fell while carrying a large bottle, the broken glass cutting her arm so severely that 6 stitches were required to close the wound.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

Advertisement.

EDITOR Kimmel of the East Berlin News who has been ill with typhoid fever, has been moved to the York Hospital where his condition is improving.

Eczema and Itching Cured.

The soothing, healing medication in DR. HOBSON'S ECZEMA OINTMENT penetrates every tiny pore of the skin, clears it of all impurities—stops itching instantly. Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment is guaranteed to speedily heal eczema, rashes, ringworm, tetter and other unsightly eruptions. Eczema Ointment is a doctor's prescription, not an experiment. All druggists or my mail, 50c. Pfeiffer Chemical Co., Philadelphia and St. Louis.

Advertisement.

HARVEY ASPER of Bermudian shot a chicken hawk, that measured 4 feet 4 1/2 in. from tip to tip.

Watch babies bowels till the frosts come. Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup keeps them in good shape. Sample free.

Advertisement.

ELIAS STERNER of Bittinger while hunting squirrel in the Pigeon Hills was accidentally shot in the hand and leg by Geo. Garnitz of Hanover.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

THE Creager Mill property near New Chester was put up at public sale recently and withdrawn at a bid of \$5800.

Can't Afford to Have Kidney Trouble

No man with a family to support can afford to have kidney trouble, nor need he fear it with such a remedy at hand as Foley Kidney Pills. An honest medicine, safe and reliable, costing little but doing much good, Foley Kidney Pills eliminate backache and rheumatism, tone up the system and restore normal action of kidneys and bladder. For sale by the Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

DR. EUGENE ELGIN of East Berlin has been reappointed Medical Inspector of the schools of that borough, by Dr. Samuel G. Dixon State Commissioner of Health.

HARSH physics react, weaken the bowels, will lead to chronic constipation. Doan's regulates operate easily. 25c a box at all stores.

Advertisement.

To keep potatoes in good condition in the cellar, it is said sprinkle plenty of charcoal among them.

A Gentle and Effective Laxative.

A mild, gentle and effective laxative is what people demand when suffering from constipation. Thousands swear by Dr. King's New Life Pills. Hugh Tallman, of San Antonio, Tex., writes: "They are, beyond question, the best pills my wife and I have ever taken." They never cause pain. Price 25c. at druggists or by mail.

H. E. BUCKLEN & CO., PHILADELPHIA OR ST. LOUIS.

EIGHTY FOUR marriage licenses were issued in Hagerstown during the Fair. Forty-five of them were issued to Pennsylvanians.

A cow belonging to Mrs. John Gates living near New Oxford fell down a steep embankment at the home of Wm. Shellenman and was badly crippled.

SAVED BY A POSTAL

Thousands Have Been Cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy—Lives Saved by a Postal Card.

They wrote for a free trial bottle, and were so much pleased with the general results obtained, that they bought a large bottle of their drug, and it benefited or cured them. It has cured thousands—it will cure you.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is of the greatest value for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Blood; rheumatism, constipation and illnesses peculiar to women. Stops such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, headache back of eyes, inability to hold urine, burning pains and frequent urination. Wonderfully successful for nearly forty years. Write to-day to Dr. David Kennedy Co., Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle and medical pamphlet. Large bottles sold by 40,000 druggists.

PRESENT ADMINISTRATION WILL NOT HAVE THE SPENDING OF ONE DOLLAR OF ROAD LOAN

In his address at the Good Roads Convention in Harrisburg, Governor Tener said: "Should the amendment pass it will be incumbent upon the Legislature of 1915 to consider an enabling act making provision for the tenure, the rate of interest and other terms of bonds, as well as providing for their sale, from time to time, in amounts limited to the necessities of the Department as work progresses." As the people next year must elect all the assemblymen and one-half the Senators who will sit in 1915 and will at the same time elect the Governor who, in turn, must appoint the Highway Commissioner—the argument of those persons who are opposing the loan because they are opposed to the present administration is without weight and not worthy of consideration.

The road loan is not a question of men, but of principle. Pennsylvania had a State Treasurer at one time who was accused of dishonesty, but we did not shut up the treasury and put the State out of business on that account. Railroads have had incompetent and dishonest officials in the past, but that did not deter the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from voting for a loan of \$150,000,000 (three times the amount sought for road purposes) to enable that corporation to carry its lines into New York City—besides the many hundreds of millions previously voted for extensions and betterments.

The argument that there is no necessity for issuing bonds for Road Building and saddling on the State the payment of interest when the Legislature can each two years appropriate the necessary money out of current revenues, is a good one in theory only, for no Legislature has as yet appropriated sufficient funds for this purpose.

The income of our State is now greater than ever before but the 1913 appropriation bill set aside only \$1,000,000.00 for reconstruction and \$1,400,000.00 for the maintenance for two years of our 9,000 miles of State Highways.

What progress can be expected under such conditions?

QUINCY W. HERSHEY of York Springs has gone to Salt Lake City, Utah, where he will be sales manager for the Westinghouse Electric Co. of Pittsburgh.

J. H. H. MILLER of near New Oxford is afflicted with typhoid fever and a professional nurse is in attendance.

The healing demulcent qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound are not duplicated in any other medicine for coughs and colds. Any substitute offered you is an inferior article. Refuse to accept it, for it can not produce the healing and soothing effect of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Insist upon the genuine, which contains no opiates. For sale by the Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

THE officials of the Farmers Bank of McSherrystown expect to occupy their new quarters this week. A few finishing touches like painting the lights and desks, some painting and the cement pavement will complete a very modern and convenient bank building.

Leaves are falling. Babies don't fall away while taking Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup. It makes sap—blood.

Advertisement.

As a precaution against the wave of diphtheria that has been spreading in the vicinity of McSherrystown, the schools were closed and carefully fumigated. The seven cases reported are improving.



CLAUDE FREESER of Union township has sold through Hollinger & Bro. a lot of ground and dwelling in Pennville to Jonas Reck of Conowingo township.

"SUFFERED day and night the torment of itching piles. Nothing helped me until I used Doan's Ointment. The result was lasting."—Hon. John R. Garrett, Mayor, Girard, Ala.

Advertisement.

DR. WALTER H. O'NEAL of Gettysburg recently sold to J. G. Willet of Hanover, two building lots in the section of that town known as the "O'Neal addition to Hanover."

Chronic Dyspepsia

The following unsolicited testimonial should certainly be sufficient to give hope and courage to persons afflicted with chronic dyspepsia: "I have been a chronic dyspeptic for years, and of all the medicine I have taken, Chamberlain's Tablets have done me more good than anything else." says W. G. Mattison, No. 7 Sherman St., Hornellsville, N. Y. For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

"MILLER BOY" brown gelding owned by Miller Bros. of New Oxford won a \$500 purse in the 215 class at a race in Petersburg, Va. recently. Time 2:14 3/4.

Big Church Merger Endorsed.

At the Carlisle Presbytery recently held at Silver Spring Church in Cumberland county, union with the Reformed Church was endorsed by an overwhelming vote.

The Lower Marsh Creek Church near Gettysburg, presented a call to Rev. D. W. Woods and same was approved.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured.

by local application, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. Advertisement.

A WIND and hail storm that passed over the upper end of the county last week damaged several of the apple orchards in that section where the fruit had not all been picked. Among those orchards touched by the storm were Minnich, Rice, Raffensperger, Shull, Stover and Tyson.

They Make You Feel Good.

The pleasant purgative effect produced by Chamberlain's Tablets and the healthy condition of body and mind which they create make one feel joyful. For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

A SURPRISE party was given to Mrs. J. H. Paxton near Goodyear one evening last week that was attended by eighty-one people.

The Family Cough Medicine.

In every home there should be a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery ready for immediate use when any member of the family contracts a cold or a cough. Prompt use will stop the spread of sickness. S. A. Stud, of Mason, Mich., writes: "My whole family depends upon Dr. King's New Discovery as the best cough and cold medicine in the world. Two 50c bottles cured me of pneumonia." Thousands of other families have been equally benefited and depend entirely upon Dr. King's New Discovery to cure their coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. Every dose helps. Price 50c. and \$1.00. All druggists.

H. E. BUCKLEN & CO., PHILADELPHIA OR ST. LOUIS.

ROBERT L. PEARSON of York Springs who recently enlisted in the U. S. Cavalry has sailed with his troop for the Philippines.

ACCIDENTS will happen, but the best regulated families keep Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil for such emergencies. Two sizes 25c and 50c at all stores.

Advertisement.

For Chapped Skin.

Chapped skin whether on the hands or face may be cured in one night by applying Chamberlain's Salve. It is also unequalled for sore nipples, burns and scalds. For sale by The People's Drug Store.

Advertisement.

G. H. DAY of York Springs is erecting a new building 16x36 in that borough, which will be used as a restaurant.

Foley Kidney Pills cure obstinate cases of kidney and bladder trouble, rheumatism and lumbago, because they remove the cause. You can not take this honest curative medicine into your system without getting the right results. Try them, for sale by the Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

LIEUT. Gen. Sir Alfred Codrington of the British Horse Guards and a distinguished party of English Army officers visited the Gettysburg Battlefield last week.

Avoid Sedative Cough Medicines.

If you want to contribute directly to the occurrence of capillary bronchitis and pneumonia use cough medicines that contain codine, morphine, heroin and other sedatives when you have a cough or cold. An expectorant like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is what is needed. That cleans out the culture beds or breeding places for the germs of pneumonia and other germ diseases. That is why pneumonia never results from a cold when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used. It has a world wide reputation for its cures. It contains no morphine or other sedative. For sale by ALL DEALERS.

Advertisement.

Wm. P. DEVINE and C. F. Moul of Hanover and C. Miller of McSherrystown went to West Virginia last week on a hunting trip, returning with 40 squirrels and 6 wild turkeys. Mr. Devine shot the largest turkey which weighed 15 pounds.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man an unhappy slave. For impure blood and sluggish liver, use Burdock Blood Bitters. On the market 55 years \$1.00 a bottle.

Advertisement.

At a meeting of the newly elected directors of the Hanover Trust Co. D. D. Ehrhart was elected President; H. M. Stokes, Vice Pres.; M. O. Smith, Sec. and L. H. Hoffacker, Treas.

OLD DR. THEEL & DR. W. L. THEEL
1719 Spring Garden St., (formerly 525 N. 6th St., Phila., Pa.) For Dr. Theel's Art, Only "German Specialist." The German Treatment, the only guaranteed cure for Specific Blood Poison, others can't cure, all use Mercury & Arsenic, worse than the disease itself. It's a cure of humanity. All Skin & Private Diseases, Eczema, both sex, Abscess, Weakness, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Strains, Aches, Pains, Jaundice, Yaws, Syphilis, Eruptions & Sufferers in Germany, Kidney, Bladder, 46 yrs. practice & 25 yrs. Hosp. Exp. in Gettysburg, Wash. Free, tells all, enclosing Western City & Country Advertising Brands. Mrs. Theel & Son, Phila.

Advertisement.

NEW DEEDS! NEW DEEDS!

USE THE COMPILER

New Short Form Deeds

Ruled Deeds to be filled by Pen, Unruled Deeds for the Typewriter. New lot just finished at the

Compiler Print Shop

On Coupon Bond paper, no better paper made, a high priced, tough, all linen paper. Prices low and right.

Call and get a supply at

Gettysburg : Compiler : Office

126 Baltimore street

A WOMAN'S DAY

It begins early, and ends late. It is full of work from sun rise to bed time. Being constantly on her feet, she often has kidney trouble without knowing it. She has backache. It is hard for her to get up in the morning, she is so tired and worn out. She does not sleep well, has poor appetite and is nervous. Her bladder gives her trouble too.

Foley Kidney Pills
will cure all that, and make her again STRONG, WELL and VIGOROUS. Get Foley Kidney Pills at the nearest drug store and START TAKING THEM TO-DAY. They cost less than the doctor and do more. The genuine Foley Kidney Pills are sold only in the yellow package.

MARION and Edgar McDannel of near Ardenstville raised over 1000 bushels of potatoes this season.

A Marvelous Escape.

"My little boy had a marvelous escape," writes P. F. Bastians, of Prince Albert, Cape of Good Hope. "It occurred in the middle of the night. He got a very severe attack of croup. As luck would have it, I had a large bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house. After following the directions for an hour and twenty minutes he was through all danger." Sold by all dealers.

Advertisement.

A SURPRISE party was given M. C. Topper of Mt. Pleasant township by 70 of his friends one evening last week in honor of his 50th birthday.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

H. H. HERSHEY has purchased the Robert Haas farm near York Springs, containing 100 acres, for \$1355.

Facing a Serious Proposition.

The man or woman who has kidney trouble is facing a serious proposition, where grave complications readily follow neglect. Foley Kidney Pills are an honest curative medicine that once taken into your system mean restored kidney and bladder action, and a return to health and strength. For sale by the Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

GEORGE H. LAWRENCE of Irishtown while playing short stop in a game of baseball, was struck on the index finger by the ball which broke the bone.

More Than Enough is Too Much.

To maintain health, a mature man or woman, needs just enough food to repair the waste and supply energy and body heat. The habitual consumption of more food than is necessary for these purposes is the prime cause of stomach troubles, rheumatism and disorders of the kidneys. If troubled with indigestion, revise your diet, let reason and not appetite control and take a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will soon be all right again. For sale by The People's Drug Store.

Advertisement.

The plant of Ashley & Bailey Silk Co. of York, was sold at public sale to Douglas A. Green representing a Philadelphia firm of wreckers, for \$31,000. The machinery will be sold off and the building offered for sale as a manufacturing plant.

Adenoids are a Menace to Children.

Adenoids result from a succession of colds in babies and young children. They spoil the mental and physical life of a child. The condition that causes them may easily be avoided by careful parents. Quickly and thoroughly cure all colds and throat irritations by the use of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and adenoids will not develop. For sale by the Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

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